

The First Land Of Civilization Was Taiwan Part 2



Taiwan Paleocivilization
Research Center

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<http://newidea.org.tw>

2. Over one hundred artificial ancient caves in Taiwan

The people of Taiwan dug caves for the dwelling in the 4th glacial period

Taiwan has been wreaked havoc by the ice and snow in the fourth glacial period, people of the Empire of the Sun need to tide over several ten thousand years in the abominable living environment. The best method is that they seek survival but dig caves and make for the dwelling in order to avoid the severe cold weather, and then they could survive and propagate.

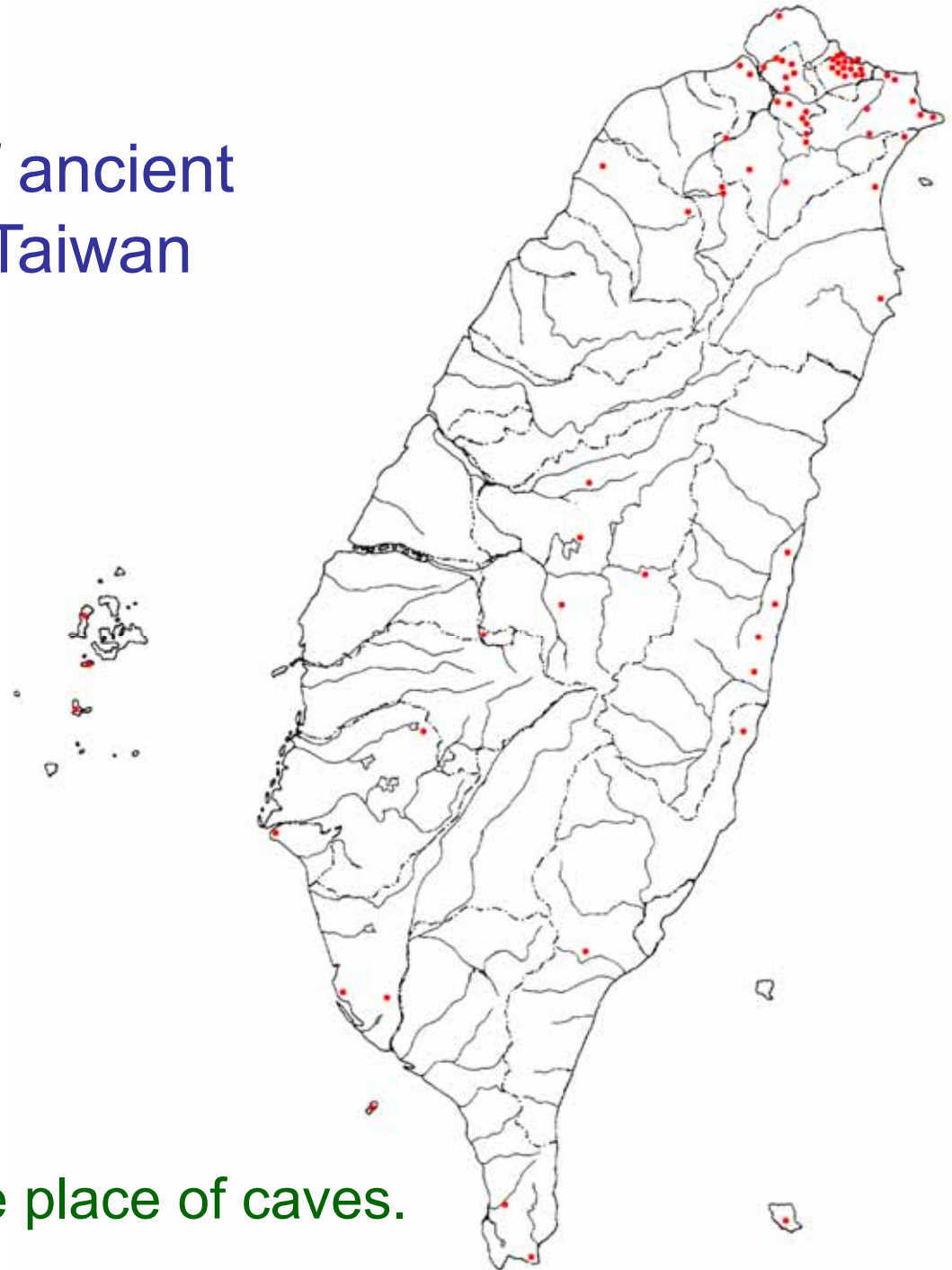
The ancient Taiwanese cave in the materials of historical book

- In 1400 years ago, “*Ryukyu Memoir of Sui Book*” described: Ryukyu Country (Taiwan) in the sea. Many caves were in there,.... The chieftains lived in caves to manage the country. The data show that many ancient caves in Taiwan and the ancestor are all inhabited in the cave.
- There were many Taiwanese caves in Sui Dynasty, paradise recorded on the Chinese ancient book was here, and these caves were artificial that Taiwanese ancestor dug, regard as their residence, and near some entrance of caves left the shell mound.

Over one hundred artificial caves in Taiwan

The famous ancient caves of Taiwan have more than one hundred in 73 places, all excavated artificially. Among them 2/3 is in the north of Taiwan, the density is the highest area in the world that shows north Taiwan is the important place of the Empire of the Sun in the land of Mu. Reveal the north of Taiwan is the important strategic place of the Empire of the Sun in the land of Mu.

Distribution map of ancient famous caves in Taiwan



The red dot  denotes the place of caves.

The ancient caves of Taiwan are ancient's intelligent masterpieces

The ancestors of Taiwan have superb technology to dig out enough caves. It is suitable for glacial period and lives for a long time and as the place that is survived and multiplied. They pick the fruit near the entrance of a cave at the height and fish for the abundant fish and shellfish in the river or sea in the low entrance of a cave, live the life like celestials. There are very superior designs in the ancient caves in Taiwan, have the designs of 15 items of civilization that are all ancient's intelligent masterpieces.

15 items of ancient caves in Taiwan are designed superiorly

1. The entrance of a cave lies in the place of the draft to take the funnel type, in order to ventilate.
- 2. The Caves have several exits in order to prevent the caves fall in and seal up.
3. The caves have small holes about 20 cm in diameter openly to the ground to act as the air ventilates.
4. There are large-scale platforms in the caves that can hold several dozen people and gather a meeting.
5. The caves have the slope of undulating height that is beneficial to drain off water.
6. The large-scale cave is excavated the well separately that is for the occupants in cave to drink.
7. The caves are from the mountain ridge downward and open to the seashore that the occupants can fish with a net and pick up the shellfish to allay hunger.

8. The caves are excavated in the hard quality rock, avoid weak geology, in order to avoid falling in, and guarantee the security of person.
9. The entrance is narrow but the inside is spacious in the cave, in order to avoid huge beast's invading.
10. Enter the large entrance of a cave, and then divide into two narrow caves in order to avoid huge beast's invading.
11. There are two entrances, the southward and northward, in a cave, in order to ventilate with the favorable air and keep nice and warm.
12. When the cave was excavated the aborigines used high technology to cut rocks.
13. Utilize the stakes or the stones to act as supports, and then excavate caves.
14. At the intersection of the caves, from head to foot storey is ganged up with the shaft.
15. The cave follows the slope of hillside to build, it is not too deep to be overhead, and do benefit to coming in and going out and ventilating.

The aborigines of Taiwan
used high technology to cut
rocks



In the broken stratum
supports with the big
stone



The big rocks support inner
wall of cave near 7-Star Pile at
Gongliao.

The cave near 7-Star Pile at Gongliao



This is the entrance of a collapsed cave near 7-Star Pile of Gongliao. Enter the cave and see the shaft promptly, it is the three-storey intersection place of 3 caves under the ground.

The cave has the air vents nearby



There is an air vent, nearly 20 cm in diameter, on the ground apart from the entrance of the cave about 30 m, and there are four or five vent holes nearby.

The large entrance of cave by the sea in Keelung Mountain



The entrance of cave is about 6 m high, and there is spacious space which thirty people can stand side by side.

There are 2 entrances of the Bat's cave



The Bat's cave in Keelung Mountain has two adjoining entrances and there is fresh water well in the cave. The spacious cave can hold large quantities of people to get a meeting, and it extends several kilometers.

Cave in Laolan Mauntain at Gongliao



Laolan Mauntain is more than 300 m high, in there the entrance of cave in the ridge and it is through to the sea.

Caves at Fanashan in 4th Nuclear Power Plant at Gongliao



No. 1 Cave



No. 2 Cave



No. 3 Cave

Glittering in the cave wall of Fanashan at Gongliao



The cave walls of No. 1 (left) and No. 2 (right) Glitter with metal color that is produced at smelting the metal long time ago.

Cave at Liandong Junior School at Ruifung of Taipei County



The cave is about over one hundred meters long. The picture presents the funnel type at entrance can collect the north wind to blow into caves, increase the air and circulate. The cave wall is a rock quality that shows the cave is an ancient artificial construction.

The cave of Gong-zi-liao at Keelung



The ancient cave at Keelung extended to fort of Gong-zi-liao, but it collapsed and closed.

The biggest cave of Datun Mountains at Beitou



There are over 30 caves in the Datun Mountains. This is the biggest one at Beitou near the ancient road of Xinghuliao.

A large cave at homestead of Gu in Yangminshan



On Yangjin highway at the nearby entrance of Yangmingshan National Park, there is a large cave at the homestead of Gu. From the cave divides into several caves again, leads to different outlets.

3. Taiwan is the homeland of megalithic civilization

There are ten kinds of megalithic
civilization form in Taiwan

There are 10 kinds of megalithic civilization form
distributed in the world that all appear in Taiwan,
including:

1. Stone tower ; 2. Megalithic pile ;
3. Stone pillar ; 4. Stone array ;
5. Rock carving ; 6. Megalithic wall ;
7. Stone wheel ; 8. Stone coffin ;
9. Monolith ; 10. Stone statue.

Stone Tower : Pyramid of Qixing Mountain at Taipei

Pyramid of Qixing Mountain at Taipei lies on the highest peak, east peak and south peak intersection platform, the elevation is 1052 meters. It is a precipitous small hillock of the triangular cone, from the low place is more than 20 meters high. It is a spout of small ancient volcano originally, on the cone of volcano later increases a lot of stones to pile up, and fills in the hollow part into an intact Pyramid of triangular cone. Present the east-west trend in the north and the south points to the south, its summit and Samao-Shan trough form the direction of south.

Pyramid of Qixing Mountain



views from south



views from north

The piled up form of Pyramid stone shows the artificial sign



This is the inclined plane of Pyramid before remove coverings (left) and after removing (right).

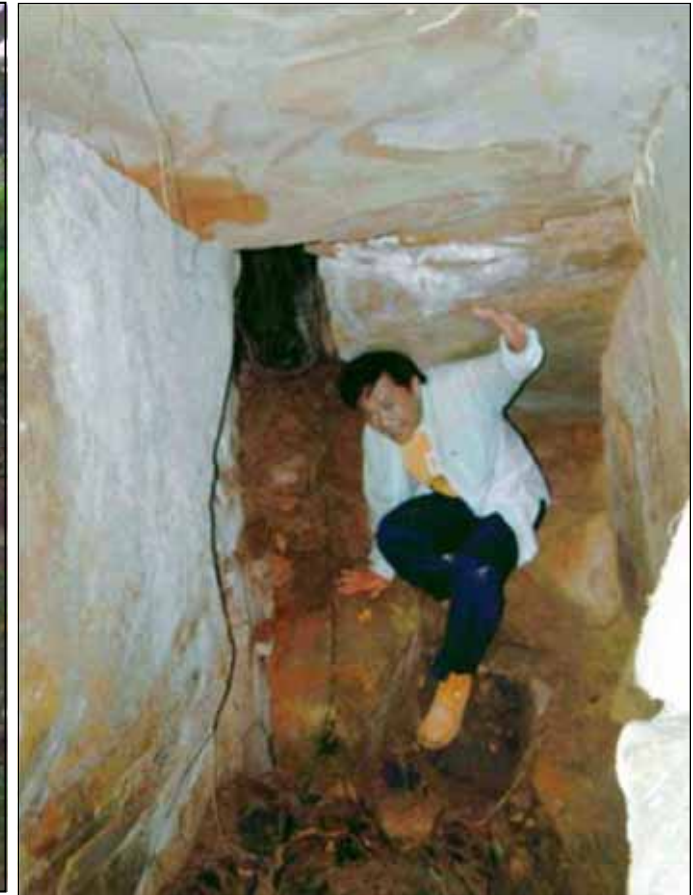
Piled stones of Pyramid have been weathered into no edges and corners



The piled stones of Pyramid in lower layer have been weathered into round shape, which shows it is very old that should have a history of ten thousand years.



Stone Tower : 7-star Piles at Fulong of Gongliao



7-star Piles are piled with seven artificial piles of rock. The megalithic piles are piled like the Pyramid from far view. This is a biggest one. Inner cave of the tallest Pile is suitable for people's entering and passing through.

Megalithic Pile : Heaven altar in Qixing Mountain of Taipei



Megalithic pile is
built with 6 big
rocks artificially.

There are 3 steles and a pond of Lune
shape in front of the heaven altar.

Megalithic Pile : The trace of megalithic piles looks like a big dragon



There are 10 megalithic piles on the southern slope of highest peak of Qixing Mountain that looks like a big dragon and each pile is over 2.5 meters high.

Megalithic Pile : Fanjingshih at Chaigongkeng Mountain of Taipei



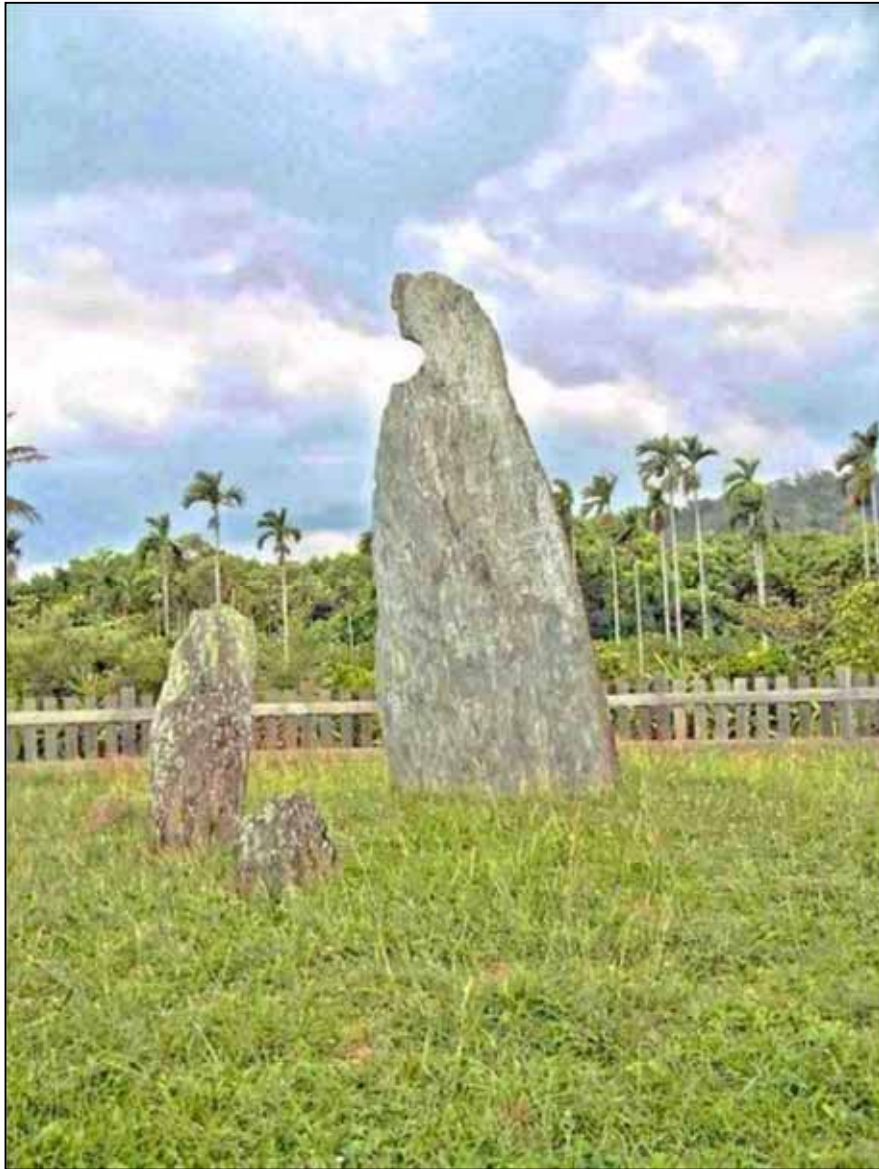
Fanjingshih means the stone of reverse compass. It is similar to baboon's face (left) and we can find out several huge stones are piled together (right).

Stone Pillar : Saoba stone pillars at Wuhe Remains of Hualian



Saoba stone pillars locate in the tableland of Wuhe. The bigger one is 6.7 m high, 1.8 m wide and 0.5 m thick that is the highest artificial stone pillar in Taiwan. The direction of the major axis is about east-west, and it have the title of 'the stone pillar in millennium'.

Stone pillar : Lune stone pillar at Peinan Remains of Taitung



The original
Lune stone
pillar

Lune stone pillar is a slate, which is 4.5 m high. By inference this slate stone pillar is a part of the house. The material of the stone pillar of this slate was loaded along Peinan River from remote Central Mountains.

Stone Array : Wuhe Remains at Ruisui of Hualian

Wuhe Remains in the tableland of Ruisui distributed into an ellipse, the length from north to south is about 600 meters and about 400 meters wide. There are many stone pillars, male stones and female stones in this region; i.e. stone array. The famous stone pillars are the 2 Saoba stone pillars, which only remain today, the other stone pillars have already disappeared.

Stone Array : Peinan Remains of Taitung

At the beginning of the twentieth century, Japanese scholar Kano Tadao has found at Peinan Remains of Taitung that erects and arranges countless of stone pillar group; i.e. stone array. Changed its course, widened and set up such projects as new station of Peinan etc. in the railway of east line in 1980, remove countless stone pillars, only have lonely Lune Pillar left today.

Stone Carving : Moiré Chart of Qixing Mountain at Taipei



Megalithic wall is not the hexagon stone piled up, but carve from monolith into 'Moiré Chart' like geometry. Its nick has fully 5 cm, lines are very clear, absolutely is not eroded by nature. The geologists confirm it is a pattern of artificial carving. Its times are several ten thousand years ago.

Stone Carving : Male and female stone at Longlong Shan of Gongliao



These are male stone (left), female stone (right) and stone carving of male chart and female chart. It should be a memorial ceremony relic of making ceremonial obeisance to the Universe or the worship of sexual organ.

Male stone looks like male sex organ

The male stone form is like the male sex organ and erects, It is 273 cm high and the head has special shaping indistinctly, looks like the glans of penis; There is a dainty perfect circle in its middle position of under part; i.e. Male Chart, and the circle carving are 18.5 cm in diameter, 8 cm in width and 3 cm in depth.

Female stone looks like female body

The length, width and height of Female Stone are about 4 m, 2 m and 2 m individually. There is a concave form of a hemi-sphere carving in the corner; it is like women's genitals; i.e. Female Chart, and it is about 21 cm in diameter, 16 cm in depth.

Stone Carving : Laolan Shan stone carving at Gongliao of Taipei



Stone carving (left) slightly presents the rectangle, about 1.2 m long and about 70 cm wide, carves a lot of lines and figures on it. The other one (right) has a sailing boat that showed already there was a technology of navigation at that time and the ability to sail to ocean. The two stone also carved the statue of beast's body but man's head that can be found just at the totem of 'The Classic of Mountains and Rivers', which was written more than 2,000 years ago.

Rock Carving : There are 4 remains of stone carving at Wanshan

Rock carvings of Wanshan are in Maolin village of Kaohsiung, are found 4 places: Kopaca'e, Copilrili, Salrakinae, Takalravoe, and have already listed in the 3rd national historic site and protected. according to the researchers study and judge, the 4 remains of stone carvings are not all the tribe of Wanshan possess, but ancient relics, it is still unable to be made known its source and answer to a mystery so far. Kopaca'e carving:



Wanshan's rock carving at Maolin of Kaohsiung



Salrakinae carving



Copilrili carving



Takalravoe carving



Kopaca'e rock carvings of Taiwan accord with China's



Concentric circles



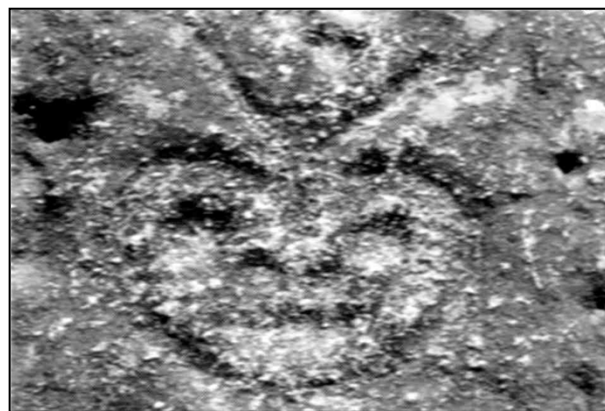
Man's face



Man's face



Concentric circles
of Helan-Shan



Man's face of
Helan-Shan



Man's face of
Lianyun harbor

Rock carving culture maybe transmits from Taiwan to China

Both Taiwanese and Chinese culture system of rock carving are similar. By the research of rock carvings of concentric circles and man's face, China's ancient civilization is with the fully accurate and believable materials of archaeology now, prove that set out from the primitive culture in prehistoric Pacific Ocean that may transmit from Taiwanese aborigines through Lianyun harbor to the whole of China.

Megalithic Wall : Gravida stone of Dulan Remains at Donghe of Taitung



There are two square prominences and round swelling below it in the megalithic wall that make people associate it with pregnant woman, so known as the gravida stone. Its main function or meaning is not so obvious. Left is the front of it and right is the back.

Megalithic Wall : Gravida stone of Beisanan Remains at Changbin of Taitung



The front of gravida stone



The back of gravida stone

Stone wheel : Zhongyong Remains at Changbin of Taitung



The other name of stone money is stone wheel or slate with hole. Stone wheel is oblate with a hole in the middle, partly likes the form of wheel or Chinese ancient coin form with square hole.

Stone Coffin : Rock coffin of Beishoulian Remains at Chengong of Taitung



Rock coffin is a rectangle rock trough, which made of monolith. It is 2.64 m long, 1.5 m wide and 1.32 high and leaves in Taitung County Culture Center now.

Stone Coffin : Rock coffin of Xinshe Remains at Fengbin of Hualien



It is similar to rock coffin of Beishoulian remains, now is in National Museum of Taiwan History at Taipei. It is 2.25 m long, 0.85 m wide and 0.94 high, and an outlet is in the center of bottom.

Stone Coffin : Rock coffin of Dulan Remains at Tunghe of Taitung



Stone Coffin : Slate coffin of Taimali Remains at Taitung County



Slate coffin is made of a lot of slates to become a stone coffin, which buries the human's body of dead.

Monolith : A lots of monolith was found in Taiwan

Monolith belongs to one of monolithic civilization, its divides into two main forms: shoulder stone (also called male stone) and slotted stone (female stone). The scholars think those are probably by original image or statue formalization and abstract result that are thought to relate to such behaviors as the religion, ceremony or offering sacrifices to, etc.. It is also said that the monoliths represent the worship of sexual organ. There are a lots of monolith was found especially in eastern Taiwan, but the real use has not been bright so far.

A pair of monoliths of Taiyuan Remains at Donghe of Taitung



The former is about 1.2 meters high.

Shoulder monolith of Baisanan Remains at Changbin of Taitung



The left is slotted monolith and the right is shoulder monolith.

Above: shoulder monolith
Below: Slotted monolith

Shoulder monolith of Zhongyong Remains at Changbin of Taitung



In 1930 Japanese scholar Kano Tadao has found monoliths over everywhere at Zhongyong, which is the place of most monoliths in Taiwan.

The existence of monoliths in the present at Zhongyong of Changbin



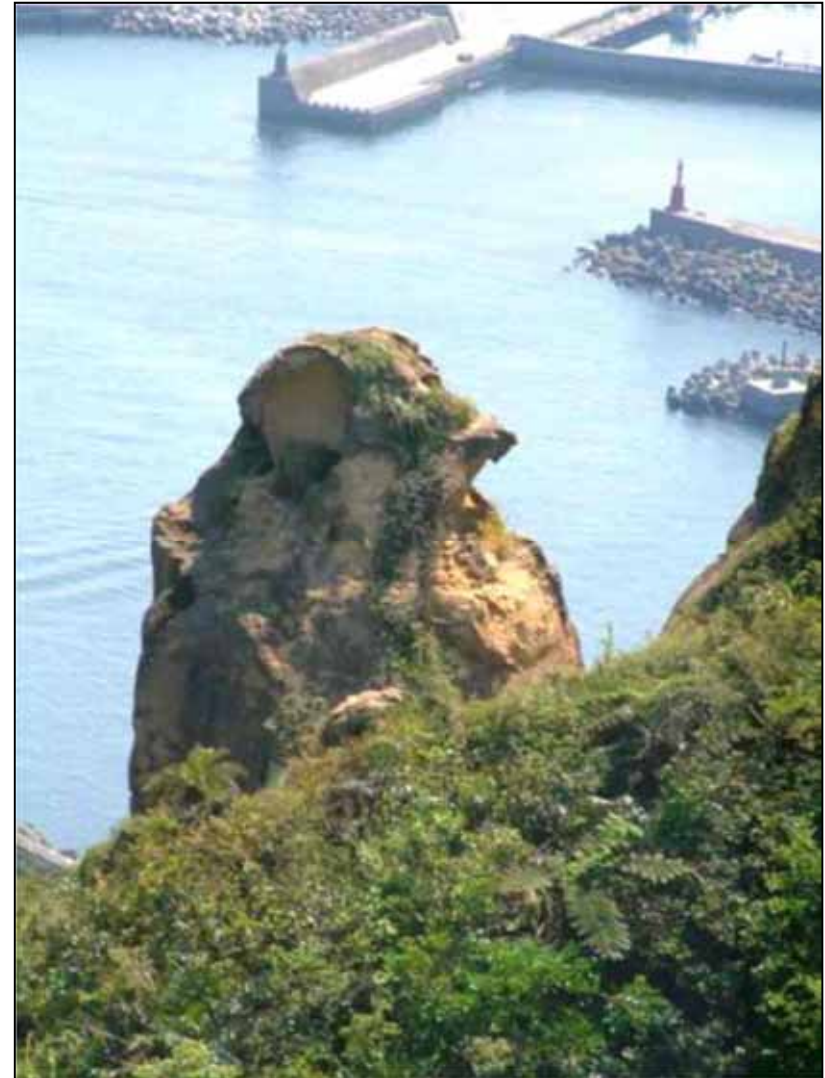
The left is a lot of monoliths in the show room of Zhongyong primary school, the right is the flower bed of Zhongyong community: Stone money, shoulder monolith and allotted monolith.

Stone Statue : Eagle stone at Bisha fishing port of Keelung



The characteristic of eagle stone (left) at wing and head obviously has mark of artificial carving, but watching it from other direction completely loses its shape (right), this is a characteristic of megalithic statue in Taiwan.

Statue of eagle is damaged by typhoon



The wing shows obviously in 2001 (left) and it has already collapsed in 2005 (right).

Stone Statue : Statue of parakeet at Taoyuan



The wing and the body of parakeet stone seem lifelike; it's a pity the head has already dropped.

Stone Statue : Kylin
Remains at
Chengong of Taitung



This is a humanoid stone image at Kylin Remains.

Stone Statue : Goat shape at
Bisha fishing port of Keelung



Statue of goat at the hillside beside Bisha fishing port of Keelung, it is about 2 meters long. There are several stone statues of animal.

Stone Statue : Tortoise shape
at Qixing Mountain of Taipei



Carving the meticulous hexagon tortoise-shell pattern with tortoise's body, the head of tortoise stretches out the long neck and obviously carved eyes and mouth are lifelike.

Stone Statue : Animal altar
in Qixing Mountain of Taipei



Above the artificial wiped platform has two dinosaurs are exactly like kissing each other.

The home land of megalithic civilization should be ancient Taiwan

According to the record of history, The earlier the civilization develops, the more its kinds are. The megalithic civilization of the world has ten kinds of forms altogether, each distributes in all parts of the world, only ten kinds of those are all appear in Taiwan that should prove its homeland may be most possible in Taiwan.

Civilizations of Mu should prove ancient Taiwan may be Mu-Land

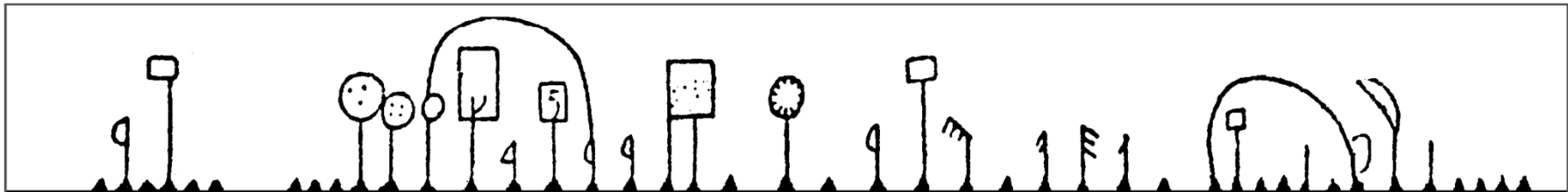
- There are the most important three items of the Remains of lost civilizations: submarine constructions around Taiwan, over one hundred artificial caves and megalithic civilizations, all of these still in Taiwan now that show the remains of the Empire of the Sun are still in Taiwan.
- There are other ancient civilizations events of ancient ages in Taiwan as follows describe. All of those also can prove the land of Mu may be the ancient Taiwan.

4. The civilization events of ancient times in Taiwan

- 1.The ancient writings of civilization relic in Taiwan
- 2. Cultural exchange between Taiwan and China in the remote ages
- 3. In ancient times the Shell Currency of China imported from Taiwan
- 4.The ancient industrial area of Ketagalan Tribe in northern Taiwan
- 5.Taiwan is the Fairyland of Peng-Lai

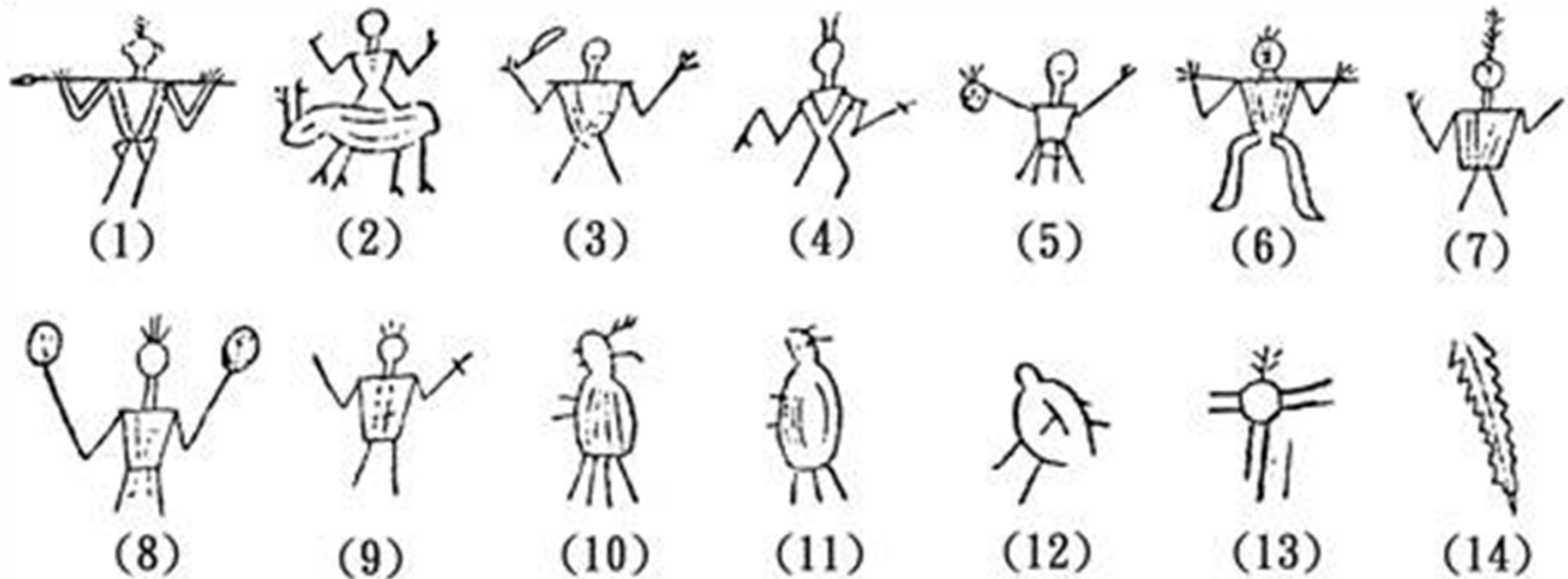
1.The ancient writings of civilization relic in Taiwan

The ancient notation of events of Bunun Tribe in Taiwan



The notation of events is more superior to tie knots of events. Each characterization has its meaning, for example: \square denotes one day; \neg denotes go hunting; \odot denotes basket filled with millet; \spadesuit denotes spade, etc.

Hieroglyph of Paiwan Tribe



Each drawing has its meaning, for example: (1), the aborigine wears gorgeous upper cloth, piercing spear and feather ornament. (2), child rides deer; (3), the aborigine wears gorgeous upper cloth and right hand hold a knife, etc.

The ancient scripts of insect-snake style in Taiwan



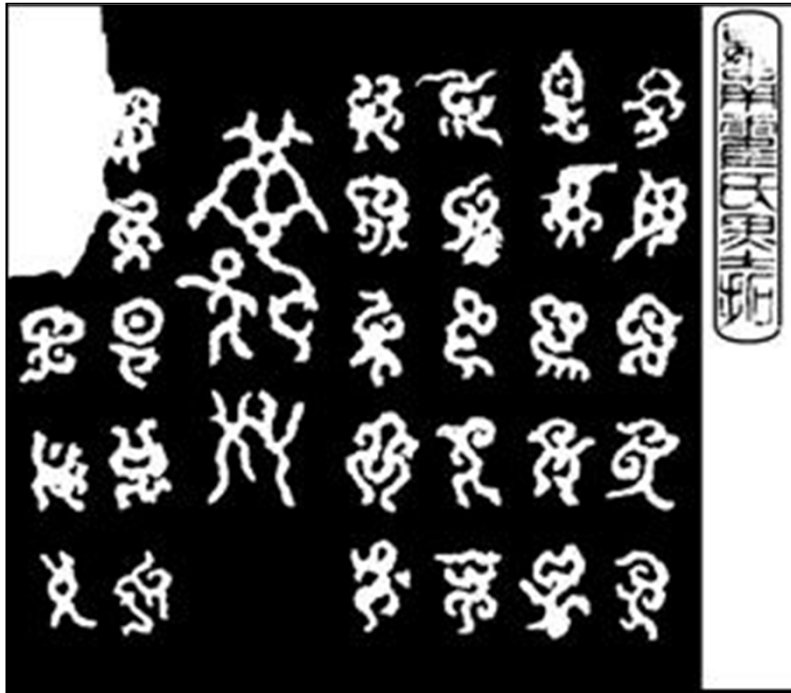
This is the relief scripts of wood-carving of Paiwan Tribe at Taitung County.



The existence of ancient script in Taiwan was proved

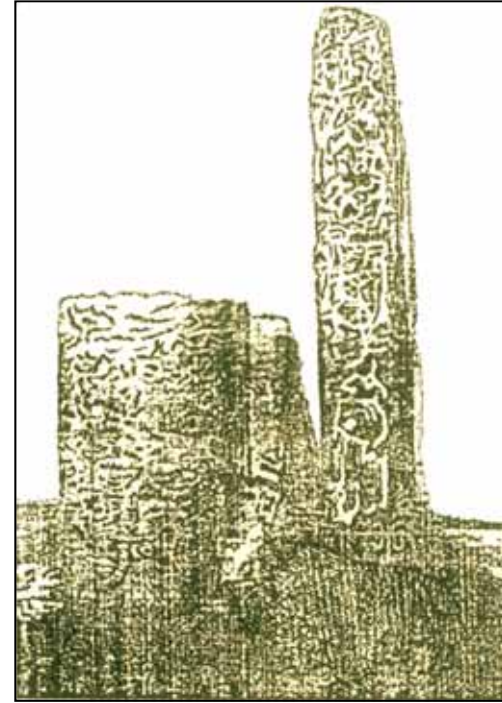
- “*The Yatang Corpus*”, a writing of Yatang Lian more than one hundred years ago, described with : “In many hills and scenic spots, there is all the tadpole script of steles, which cannot identify. The tadpole script was earlier than large seal style of Zhou Dynasty. Has the Chinese come to Taiwan before Three Dynasty about 4,000 years ago?” According to this record, in Qing Dynasty there were many writings of ancient stele and antiques in Taiwan earlier than Three Dynasty, but now it almost lost.

The tadpole script of stele was found at Sun-Moon Lake



From the history of script, the tadpole script of Taiwan was earlier than the script of Yi Emperor Stele.

The script of unearthed stele at Keelung



The unearthed stele of remote antiquity was more than 5,000 years on the peace isle of Keelung. It is stored at Kyoto Royal House Museum in Japan now.

The Stele of Tiger Script

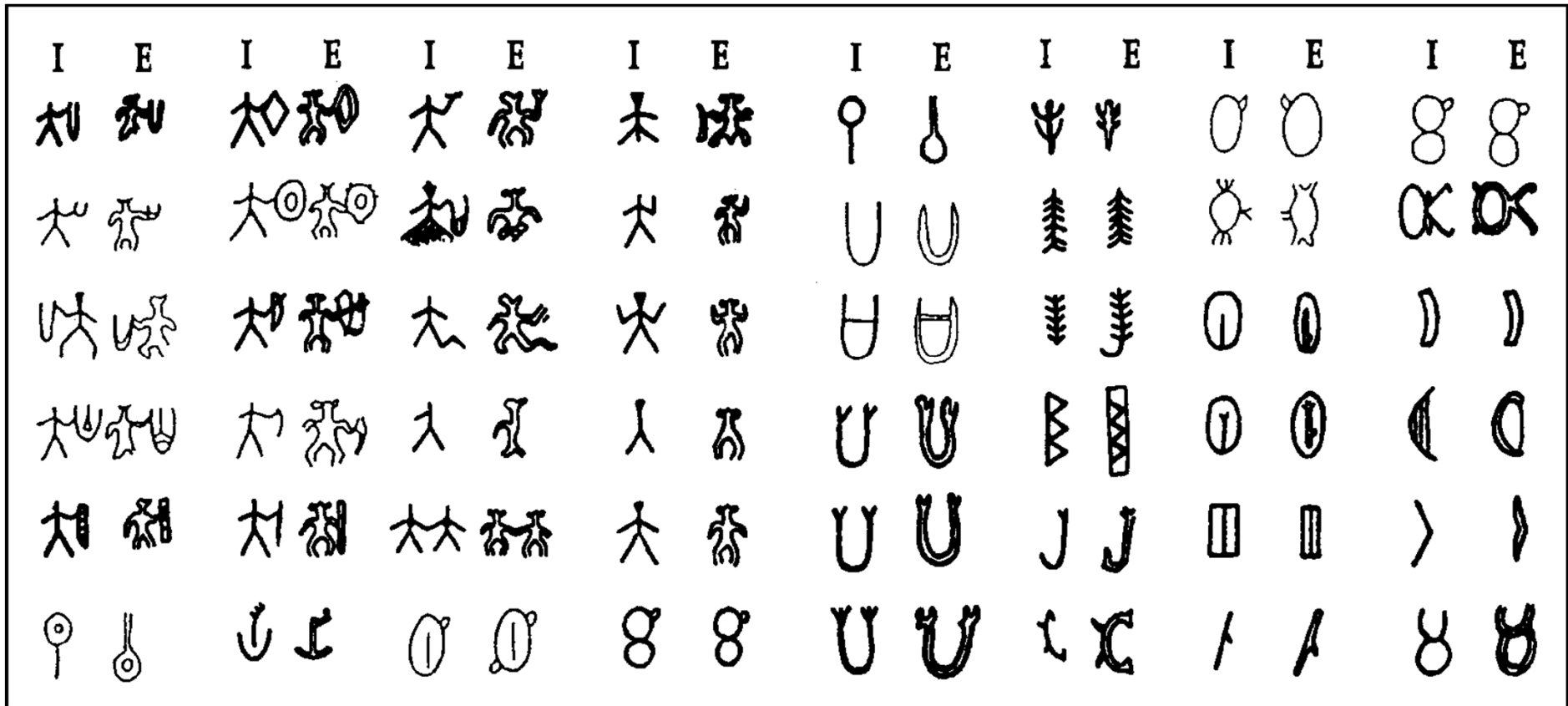


Some meaning of scripts cannot understand beside the stele of script “tiger” in the old way of Chaoling.

A script of relief stele in the front hill of Laolan at Gongliao village

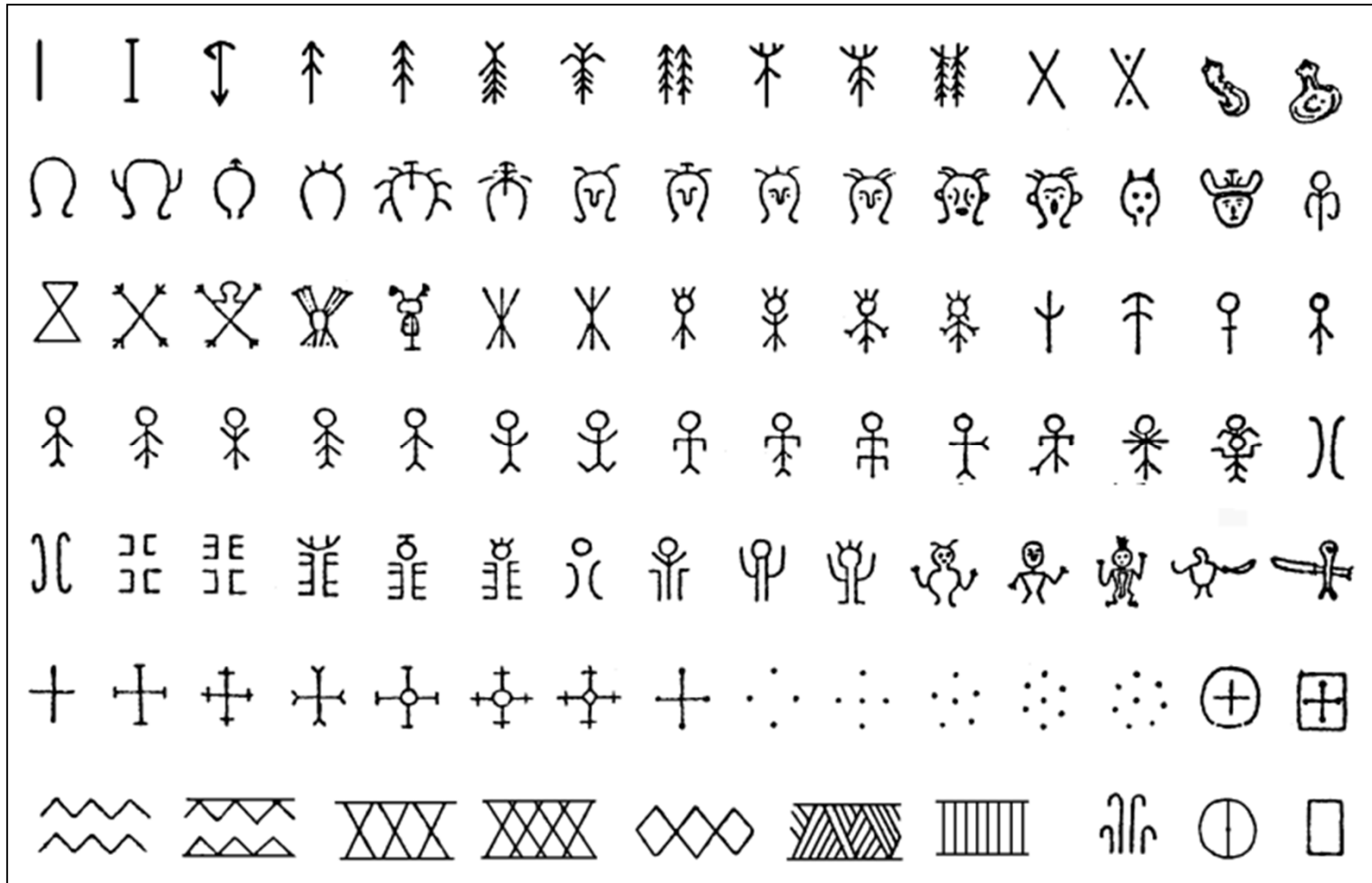


The scripts of the Empire of the Sun



(I) denotes ancient Indian scripts; (E) denotes scripts of Lungo Lungo on Easter Island. Both are probably the scripts of the Empire of the Sun, and are similar.

The totems of tattoo pattern of Paiwan Tribe in Taiwan



Some scripts of the Empire of the Sun are similar to the totems of tattoo pattern in Taiwan.

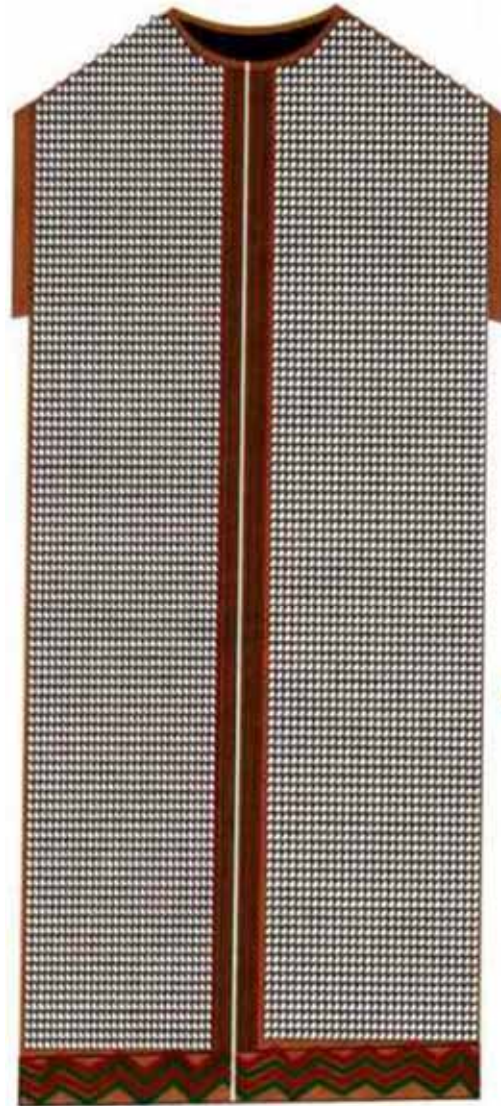
2. Cultural exchange between Taiwan and China in the remote ages

“Book Scripture” recorded Taiwanese aboriginals paid tribute to China

“Book Scripture”, one of the oldest historical books in China, recorded as follows: "The native people on the island wore gorgeous clothes. The cloth set with shells and citrus were, under imperial decree, taken as the tribute to China by sea." According to Mr. Bikisjuma, "People on the island" shall refer to the Taiwanese aboriginals. Professor Bikisjuma, a famous Japanese scholar, said history determined that Fairyland of Peng-Lai was Taiwan and there were cultural exchanges between Taiwan and China about 4,200 years ago before the foundation of Hsia Dynasty.

Taiwanese aboriginals' gorgeous clothes set with shiny shells

A gorgeous cloth with shiny shells



A vest sewn with shells



A skirt sewn with shells

Ornament set with shiny shells of Taiwanese aboriginals

Ornament set
with shells in
breast



Ornament
set with
shells in
hand



Ornament
set with
shells in
foot



Ornament
set with
shells in
head



The ballad explains the ancient cultural exchanges of Taiwan and China

Man and woman of Pingpu tribes join to drink in answer to singing, both praise and admire each other, that was the style of men and women antiphonal singing in 'girl called the crowing of cocks' in Zheng Feng of "*The Book of Songs*" in china. We can imagine that there are cultural exchanges early in ancient between China and Taiwan.

3. In ancient times the shell currency of China imported from Taiwan

Japanese scholar inferred shell currency of China imported from Taiwan



Cypraea tigris

Cypraea Tigris
was the shell
currency of China
5000 years ago.

Professor Bikisjuma, a Japanese scholar, inferred that “Baby-Safe Shell” used as the materials of currency as shell currency of China about 5,000 6,000 years ago. “Baby-Safe Shell” is the *Cypraea Tigris*, a kind of seashell and a scientific name of cowry or cowrie, which is the patron saint for safe delivery of the baby.

Taiwan influenced the Chinese economy in the remote ages

Cowry grows in the tropical marine coral reef. The domain of China was only restricted in the north before Shang Dynasty about 3500 years ago, and no cowry was produced along its coasts. Due to southern warm black sea currency, Taiwan and its neighboring isles teemed with cowry, so the shell currency all in China were supplied by Taiwan that indicated Taiwan influenced the Chinese economy in the remote ages.

Shell currencies of San-Hsin-Tui have been proven as cowries of Taiwan



Cowries are discovered in San-Hsin-Tuin of China

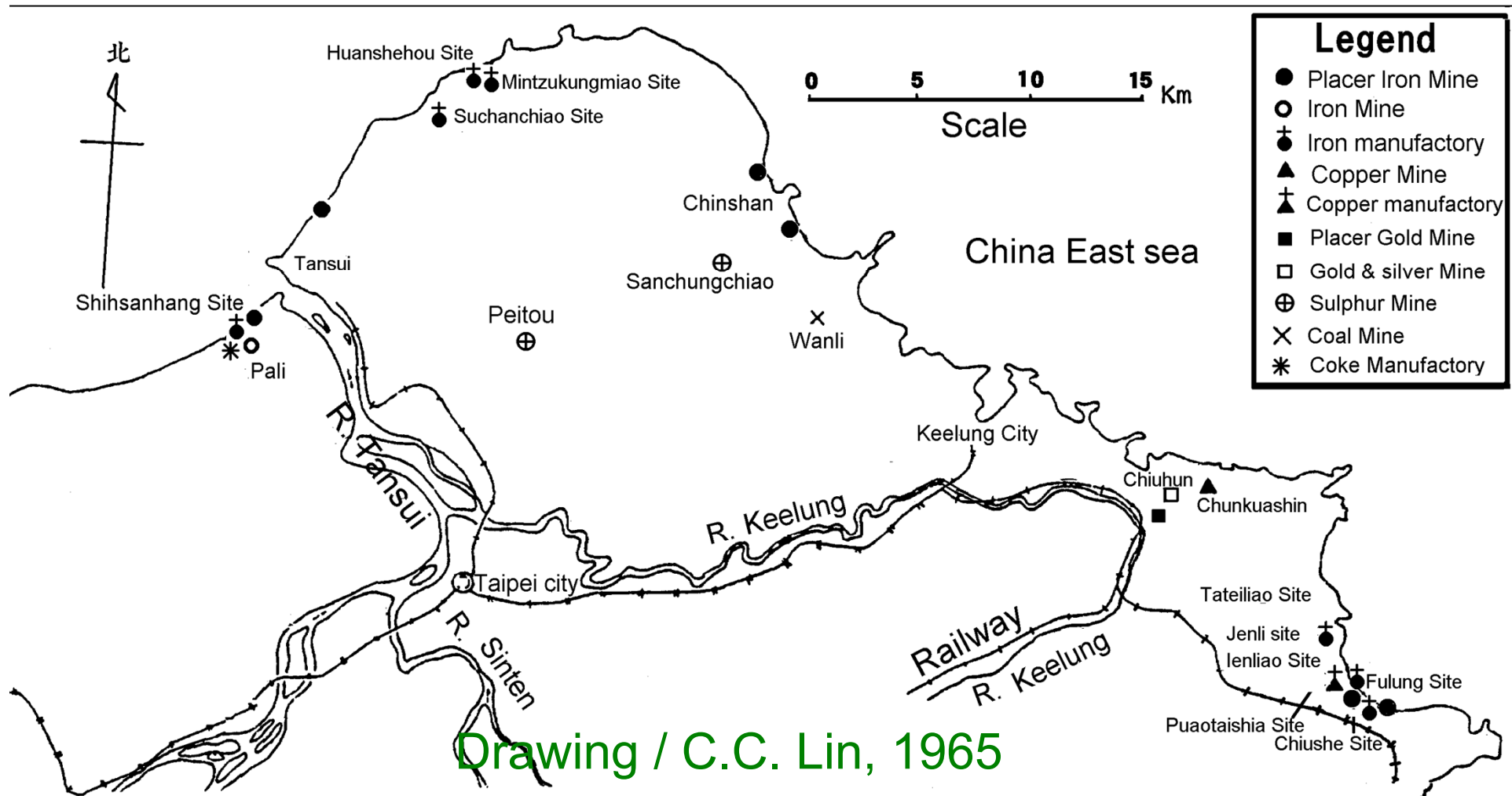


Cowries are found at Northeast Cape of Taiwan

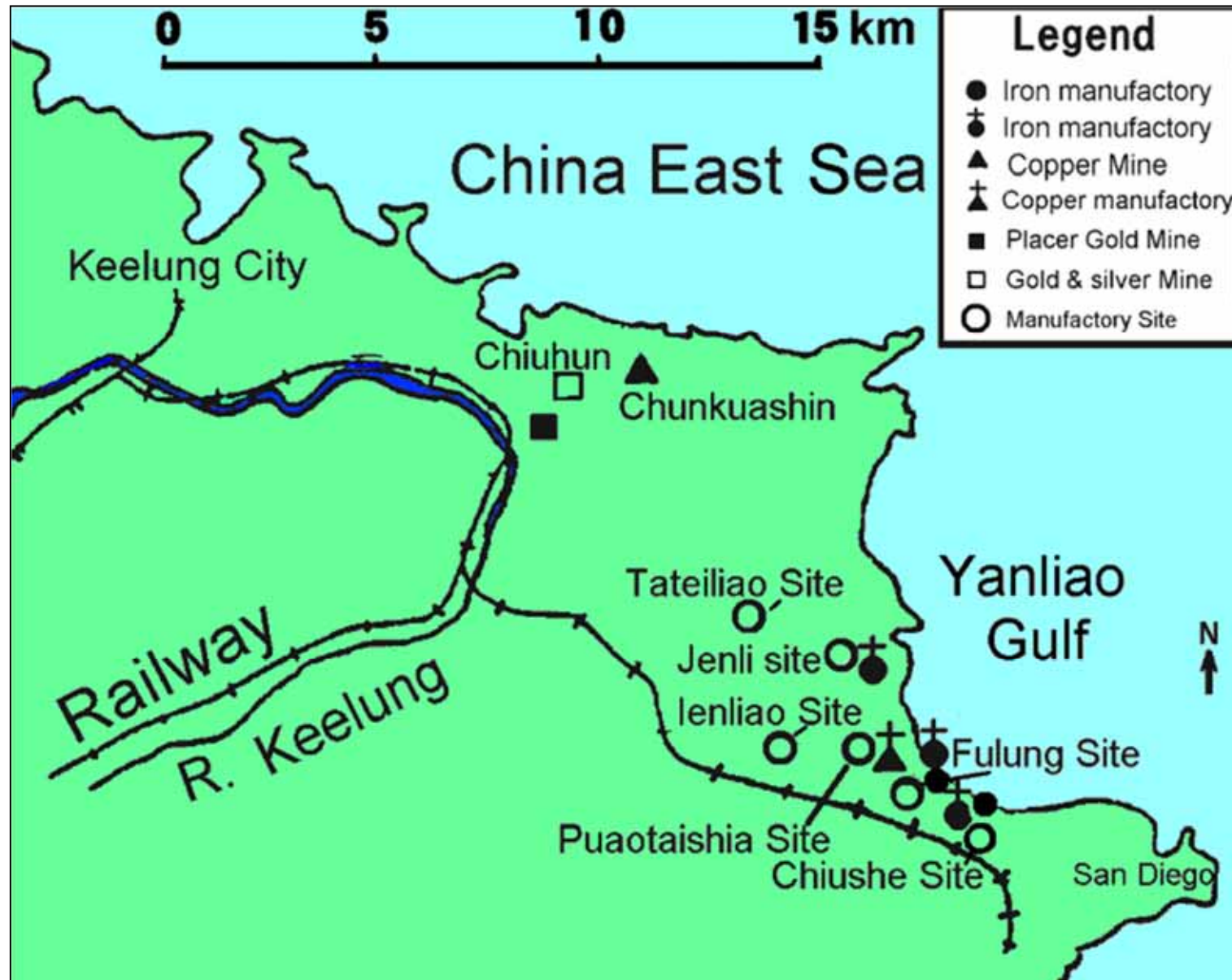
The cowries in the two pictures look as the same that proves the ancient shell currency in China came from Taiwan.

4. The ancient industrial area of Ketagalan Tribe in northern Taiwan

The map of ancient industrial area of Ketagalan Tribe at northern Taiwan



The map of ancient industrial area at northeastern corner of Taiwan



The smelting plant of earlier generation of Ketagalan tribe

“East Sea view scheme” described: ‘Striving spreading recently, yet there are gold, silver and copper mine behind the mountain’. Here is the area of Jiufen and Chinkuashih. A large number of wood coal, fine coal, anthracite, coke, pumice, silver residue, copper residue and iron residue are found in the area of Yanliao gulf sites in recent year that mean a ancient smelting plant of Ketagalan tribe in there. There are colliery industry, iron mining industry, copper mining industry, gold dust mining industry and gold and silver mining industry in this ancient smelting industrial region.

Mining industry of Taiwanese Ketagalan tribe

Professor Chao-Gi Lin said: “Ketagalan tribe people are the famous hand at mining and smelting, engages in adopting sand iron and gold dust in their area of residence, and exploits such ores as coal, gold and silver, copper, sulphur and iron-smelting etc. When the Han people begin to move in Taiwan, they have superior mined and refined technology already. Ketagalan tribe people are pioneers of the mining industry of Taiwan, and the Han people and Japan people are their undertaking inheritors. By the historical data discussion, iron-smelting, paper-making, technology of quarrying sulphur of China may be spread into by Ketagalan tribe people.”

The unearthed materials of industrial products in the Yanliao Gulf sites



Wood coal Fine coal

Anthracite



Cokes



Iron residue



Pumice



Silver residue



Copper residue



The Jomon potteries about 4,000 yr B.P. were unearthed in Yanliao gulf sites of ancient industrial area.

Shell currency of mill site at Gongliao



Ancient shell currency: cowry



Taiwanese Baby-Safe Shell:
Tiger cowry

The mill site of ancient clothes with shiny shells at Gongliao



The mill site of ancient clothes with shiny shells was found at the south bank of outlet in 4th nuclear power plant.

The manufacture process of ancient clothes with shiny shells :



1. Knocking shell into slices (left), then mix with hard thin stones, and put into waterwheel stone mortar, then use hydraulic power to grind.
2. After grinding, the surface of shell slices is smooth and burnish, and some stone mixes with it (middle).
3. Picking the long ground shell slices to decorate as the ornament shell slices (right), then pierce a hole with a string to become an ornament set with shell slices.



4. Picking the round ground shell slices to decorate as the ornament shell beads (left), and then pierce a hole with a string to become an ornament set with shell beads.
5. After grinding, the broken bits shells and fine stones become garbage (middle).
6. The garbage field of anciently weaved shell's factory in the northeast corner of Taiwan (right).

國科會臺大貴重儀器使用中心 C-14 DATING SYSTEM 服務報告書

使用者姓名：林勝義

收件日期：1999年12月08日

主管姓名：

完成日期：1999年12月20日

服務單位：八番坑文史工作室

報告日期：1999年12月27日

測定結果：

NTU Lab Catalogue No. NTU-3249

Description shell

Sample ID K01

$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ 1.9 ‰

* Radiocarbon Age 3510±40 BP

$\Delta^{14}\text{C}$ -357.9 ‰

** Per cent modern 64.6±0.4 %

Tree-ring calibrated age: (See attached sheet(s))

The midden of
cowry at Gongliao
was dated more
than 3,500 yr B.P.

儀器負責人簽章：



技術員簽章：



Gongliao mill site is earlier than San-Hsin-Tui of China 200 years

According to the report of dating, at Gongliao mill site the unearthed shellfish had a history of 3510 ± 40 years old, At that time, the world history was Egyptian initial one, the historical relic was even earlier than 3,300 years at Shang Dynasty at San-Hsin-Tui of Sichuan in China too. This is the north ancient cultural garden of the most great industry of Taiwan, and may be the ancient industrial area initially of the world too.

“Slight description of island people” proved the ancient industrial area in the northern Taiwan

- In 1349 Yuan dynasty, Da-Yuan Wang toured around Taiwan and wrote *“Slight description of island people”*. In this book described: ‘The terrain of Ryukyu (i.e. Taiwan) is coiled vault; in there the trees are very big. It looked very close from Penghu. I climb this mountain to observe the sea tide rise and fall; at midnight I look at east valley, in there red light shines the sky, the summit becomes complete brightness....’
- In the statement of Da-Yuan Wang, at midnight is not early morning, and see 'east valley' is in the east valley of Keelung Mountain, and ‘red light shines the sky, the summit becomes complete brightness’ means the light of smelting industry shines the summit of Keelung Mountain well-illuminated at midnight that is the identification of the ancient industrial region of Yanliao gulf.

There are the remains of the Sun clansman near the Yanliao Gulf



Man's face is
enlarged
from the
center of left
picture.



Stone carving of man's face at the Front Mountain of
Laolan (left). A triangle pond is under stone carving of
man's face (right).

The assembly hall of the Sun clansman at the Front Mountain of Laolan



A □ shape artificial construction was piled from three layers of slab stones. It should be supported with posts and covered with the cogon grass as the roof and become the assembly hall.

5. Taiwan is the Fairyland of Peng-Lai

The ancient book of China described Taiwan was the Fairyland of Peng-Lai

- “*The Classic of Mountains and Rivers*” recorded: ‘Peng-Lai Mountain (i.e. Taiwan) is in the East Ocean, in there some celestial being and the immortal medicines are living. Its animals, birds and beasts are all white; the imperial palace is made of gold and silver’.
- About 1730 years ago, Yuo San in his writing: “*Records of the vicinity of the sea and the land*” stated: ‘Yi Continent (i.e. Taiwan) in southeast of Lin-Hai prefecture, 2000 li apart; there is no frost and snow, and grass and tree never fade, in all directions are mountains,..... The land is fertile and produces grains of all kinds and there are plenty of fish and meat.’ Since ancient times in Taiwan, the soil is fertile, growing is prosperous, resources are abundant, livelihood is easy, that forms the life of Taiwanese people leisurely like ‘celestial being of Peng-Lai Mountain’. So, Taiwan is the Fairyland of Peng-Lai where the ancient Chinese dream of.

Zi-Xiu Lin described Taiwanese aboriginals were the celestial being

Zi-Xiu Lin in the preface of “Taiwanese general history” wrote: “Before Cheng-Gong Zheng built up a country in Taiwan, there were the people of remote antiquity living. They did not plow but never hungry, not weave but always mildly warm. They examined the season through flower blooming and grass growing, and differentiated day and night through sun setting and moon rising. They dwelt in caves of mountain and drank in valley, and depended on the birds to look for and the beast to cease. They were no annoyed personnel matters, but had the physiological happiness. Were they not the ancient so-called celestial being?” So, as to prove Taiwan in prehistoric period, the aborigine’s forms of livelihood, psychology and physiology were the celestial being.

Taiwan is the most abundant place of the global bio-diversity

Today in Taiwan nourishes the numerous animal individuals of figure in water areas or land, and luxuriant plant. There are more than 1/10 of world marine biological kinds around the island of Taiwan, and there are over 136 kinds of fresh-water fishes even more in the land water areas, among them 38 kinds are peculiar kinds. The difference of height above sea level is great by land, contain the plants of different temperatures, the figure of biological kind is nearly equal to whole Europe, show that Taiwan has the abundant resources of bio-diversity in water areas and land. It is apt to live in Taiwan in the ancient times, the Fairyland of Peng-Lai deserves.

Shang dynasty copper replaced shell currency Taiwan declined gradually

The people of remote antiquity in the Fairyland of Peng-Lai lived like celestial being, with the result that they had no volition of progress and development, and caused the bad consequence; in the progress of civilization of the world, caught up with and surmounted by other nationalities gradually with the passage of time. China especially develops superior cultures that happen, sweep across and replace Taiwan civilization in order to tendency that catches up from behind. Since Shang dynasty rose, then copper coin replaced shell currency. The shell currency of Taiwan withdrew from the Chinese market gradually; therefore Taiwan had ancient civilization gradually on the decline and was downfallen.

The homeland of Austronesian is Taiwan

1. Discussion from linguistics
2. Discussion from paleology
3. Discussion from genetics
4. Discussion from culture

1. Discussion from linguistics

The languages of Austronesian family belonged to the Taiwanese aborigine

- The people of Austronesian language family were found from the different people of the general Pacific Ocean had the same language that called Proto-Austronesian, and belonged to the languages of Taiwanese aborigine.
- The place of the most numerous languages may be the homeland of these language families. The Taiwanese aborigine have more than twenty languages, the most one in the world that reveals maybe the homeland of Austronesian language families.

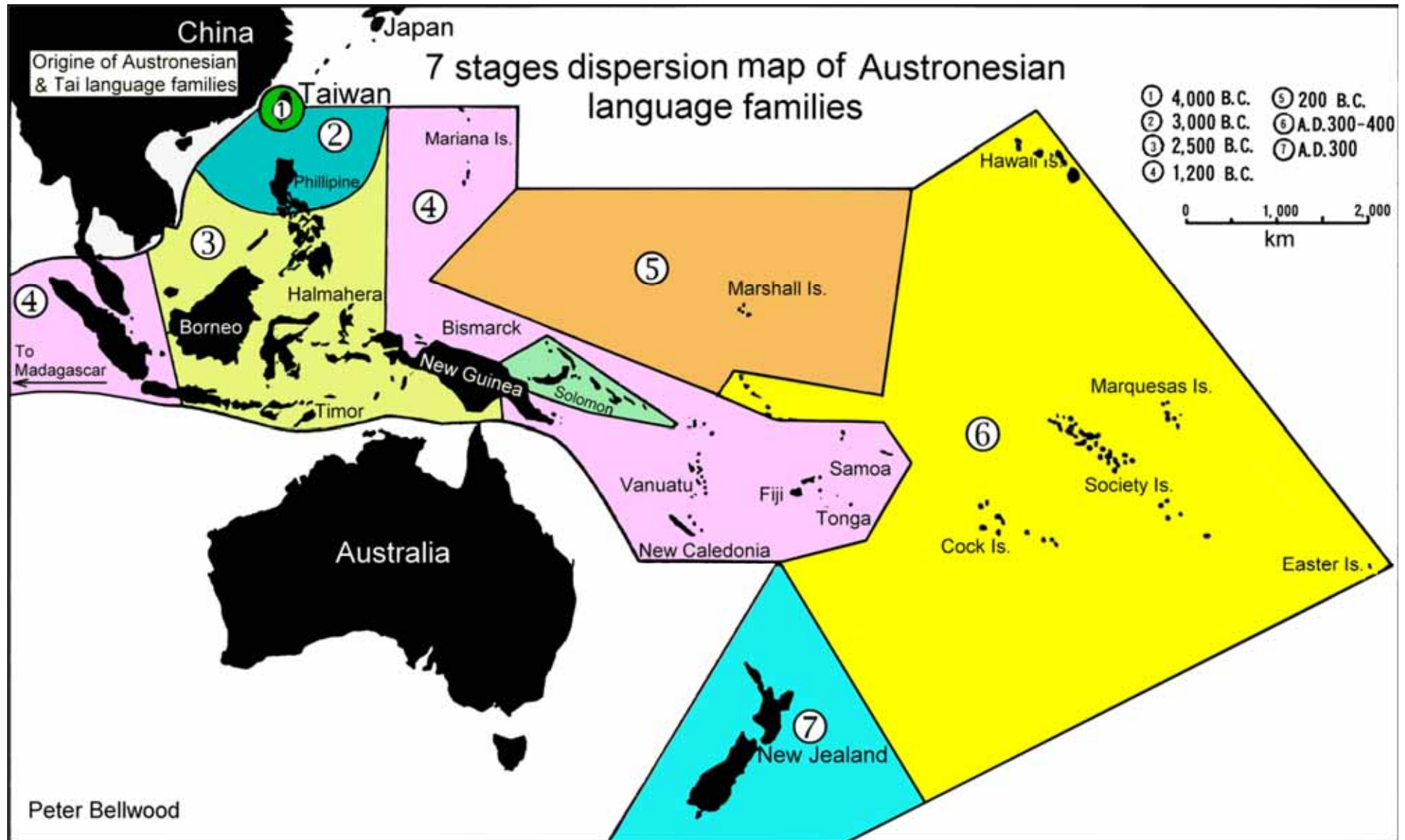
The authority of linguistics believed Taiwan was the homeland

Jen-Kui Li, an academician, firstly brought up the perspective that Taiwan was the homeland of the Austronesian language families. He found the languages of Taiwanese aborigine accounted for the 3 branches of the all 4, and the components of proto-language were highest, and kept the accent of Proto-Austronesian, that indicated it was the most complicated, and handed down a very long time ago. Comparing to other Austronesian family didn't change more that revealed Taiwan was the homeland of Austronesian language family.

International scholars consider Taiwan is the homeland of Austronesian

- In 1975, two linguists, Richard Shulter and Jeffrey Marck, brought up the claim that Taiwan was most probably the homeland of the Austronesian language families.
- In 1985, Dr. Robert Blust issued a paper: “The Austronesian homeland: A Linguistic perspective” to considered that Taiwan was the homeland of the Austronesian language families.
- In 1991 Australian Professor Bellword announced, Austronesians were *Dispersal* from Taiwan with 7 stages. He inferred Austronesian language families emigrated from Taiwan to islands one after another about 5000 years ago.

7 Stages Dispersion Map of Austronesian Language Families



European scholars support the theory of Taiwan homeland

In 2002 the 19th International Conference on Computational Linguistics, Laurent Sagart, a linguist of France National Science Research Center, and Dr. Erika Hageberg, the physique anthropologist of Oslo University, supported the theory of Taiwan homeland.

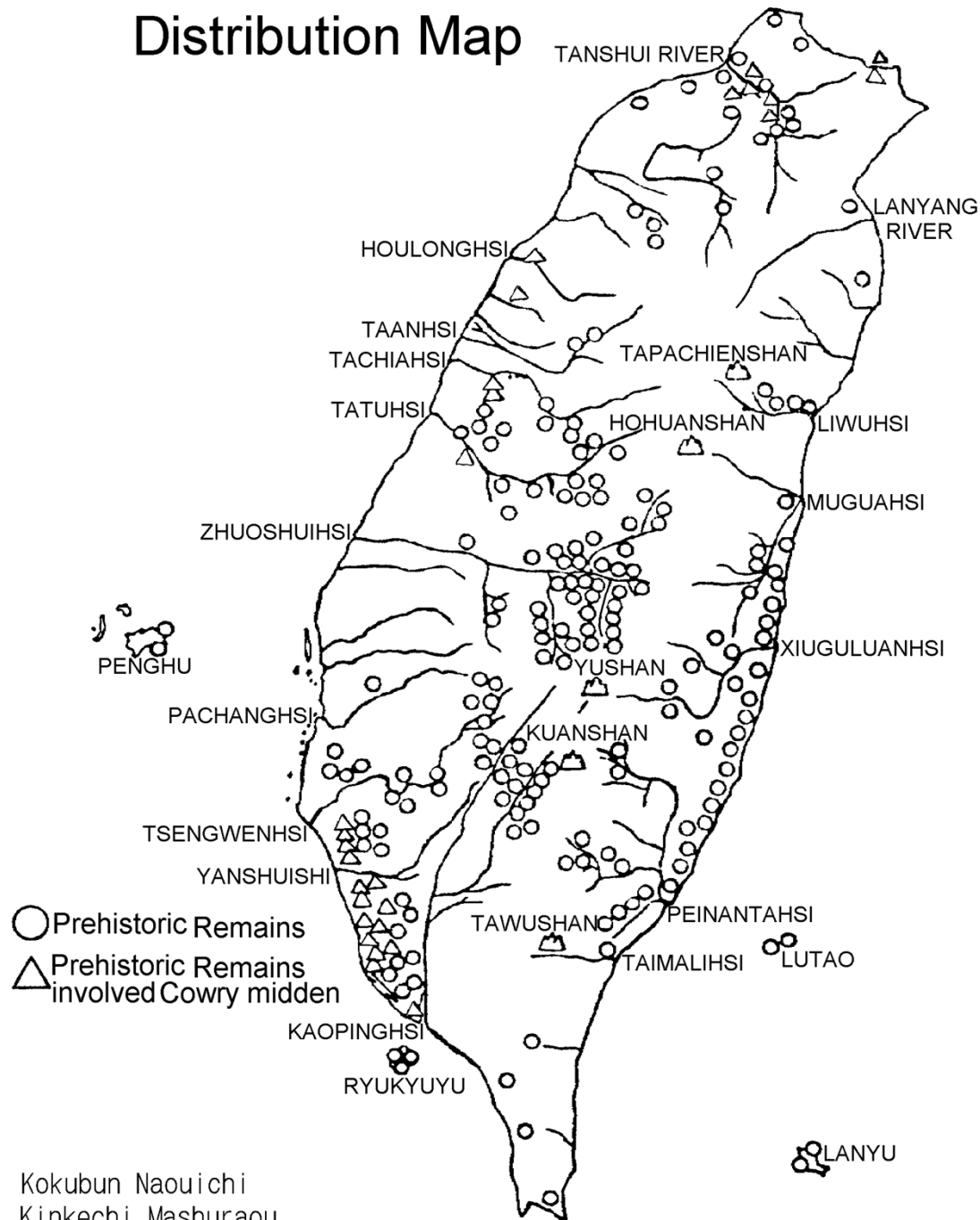
Language phylogenies reveal the Austronesian origin in Taiwan
In January 2009 “*Science*” reported, Russell Gray, Professor of University of Auckland of New Zealand, used lexical data and Bayesian phylogenetic methods to construct a phylogeny of 400 languages. In agreement with the scenario of expansion pulse and settlement pause, the language trees place the Austronesian origin in Taiwan approximately 5230 years ago. Then they migrated to Philippine, and moved fast to scatter from Philippine to Pacific Ocean within 1200 years, on wide over 7000 km to reach New Zealand, Hawaii and Easter Island, and Madagascar of the Indian Ocean finally.

Tour of the Austronesian language family migrated over past 5230 years



The Austronesian language family is the one of the largest in the world that has spread from Taiwan to Hawaii, New Zealand, Easter Island and Madagascar.

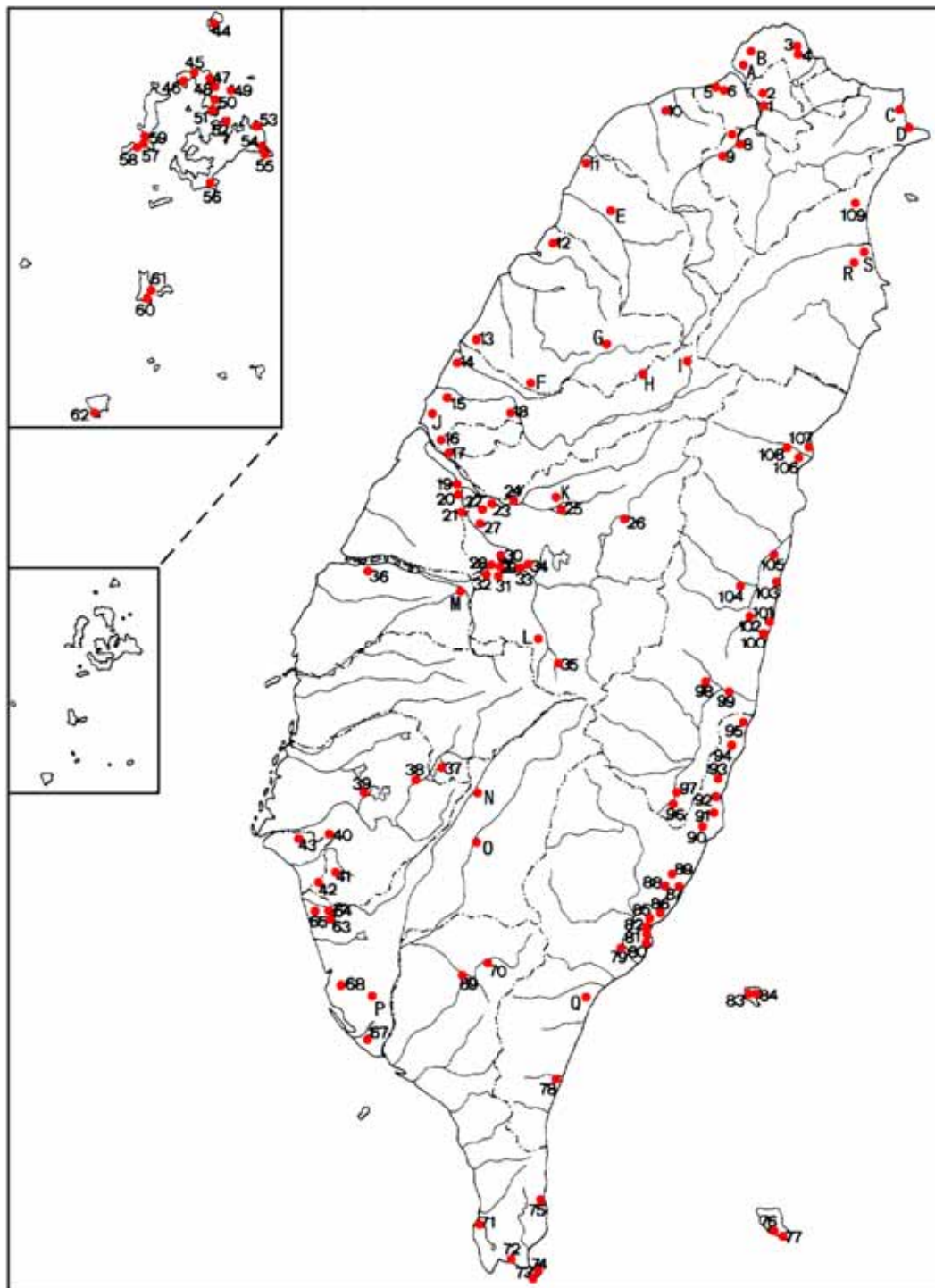
Taiwanese Prehistoric Remains Distribution Map



2. Discussion from paleology

Remains of civilization in Taiwan

There are many remains of civilization in Taiwan. Investigation results in archaeology from Japanese occupation Time through 1949. ○ indicates prehistoric relic and △ indicates pre-historic relic involved cowry midden.



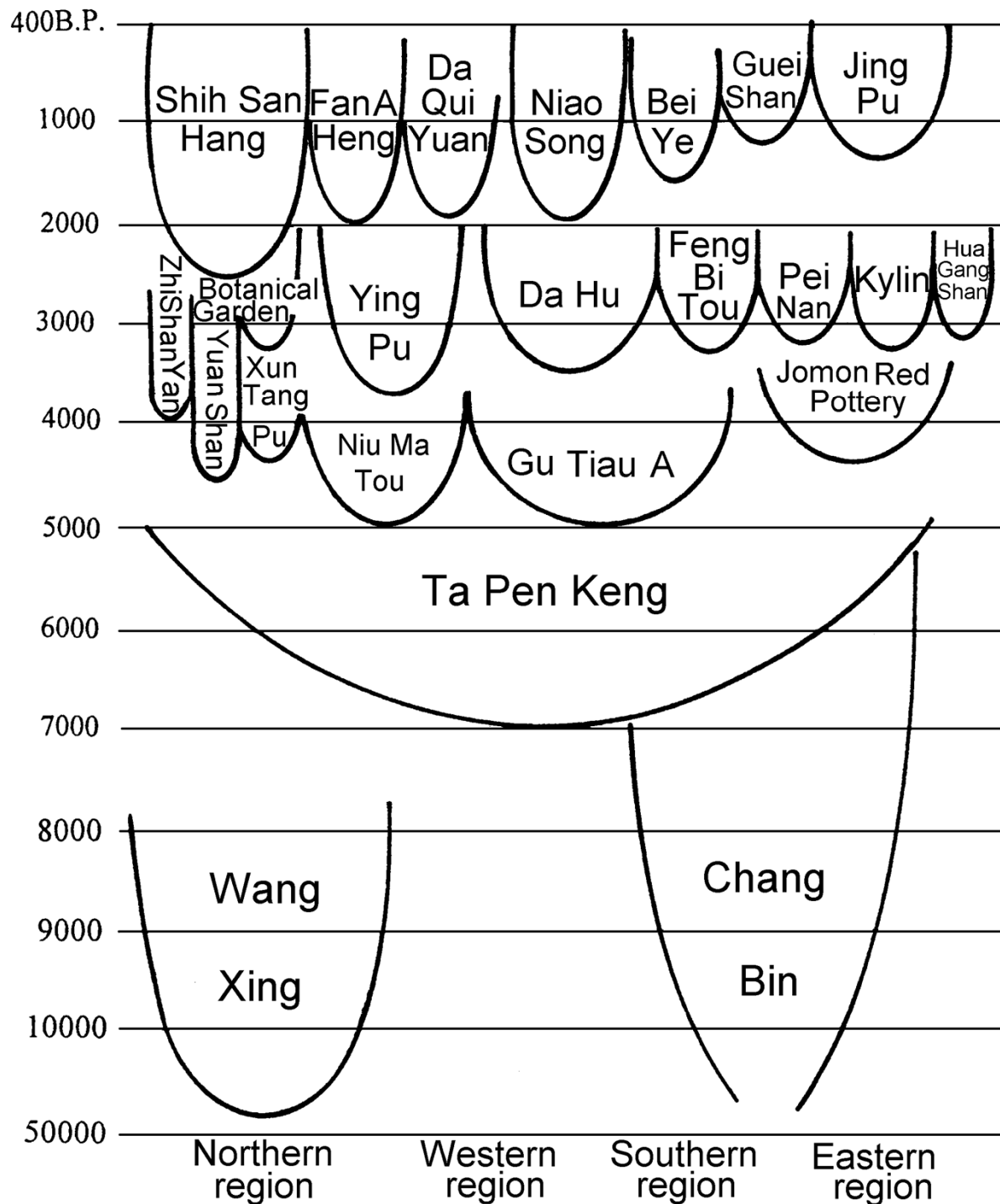
The distribution map of primary prehistory remains in Taiwan

There are more than 1,500 remains of Taiwan's prehistory and the primary sites are over one hundred.

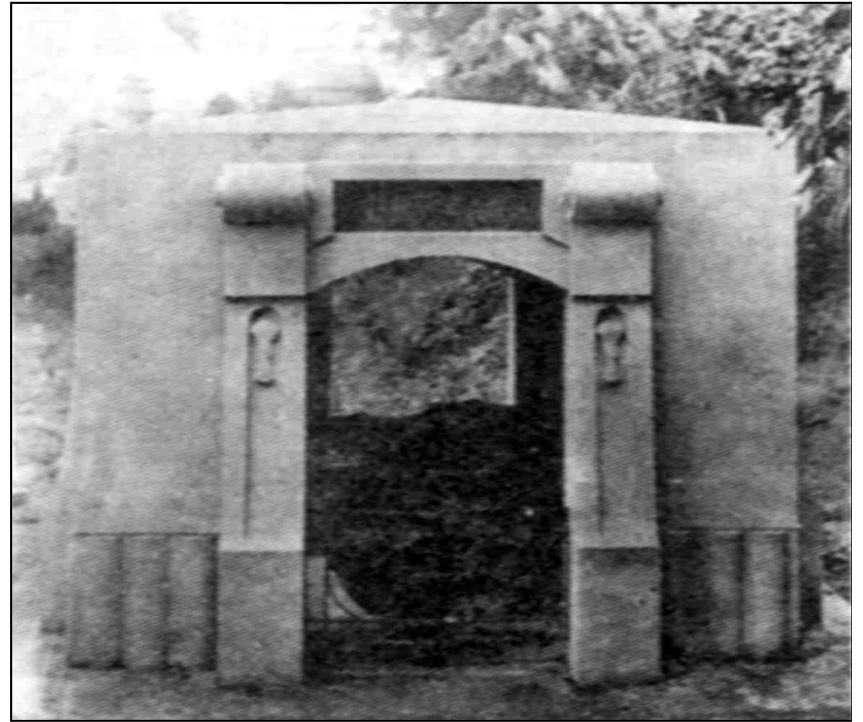
Drawing / Wen-Xun Song
1992, Yi-Chang Lui review

Space-time structure of prehistoric culture in Taiwan

Drawing / Yi-Chang Lui, 1996



The biggest grindstone in the world and its shelter at Yuanshan of Taipei



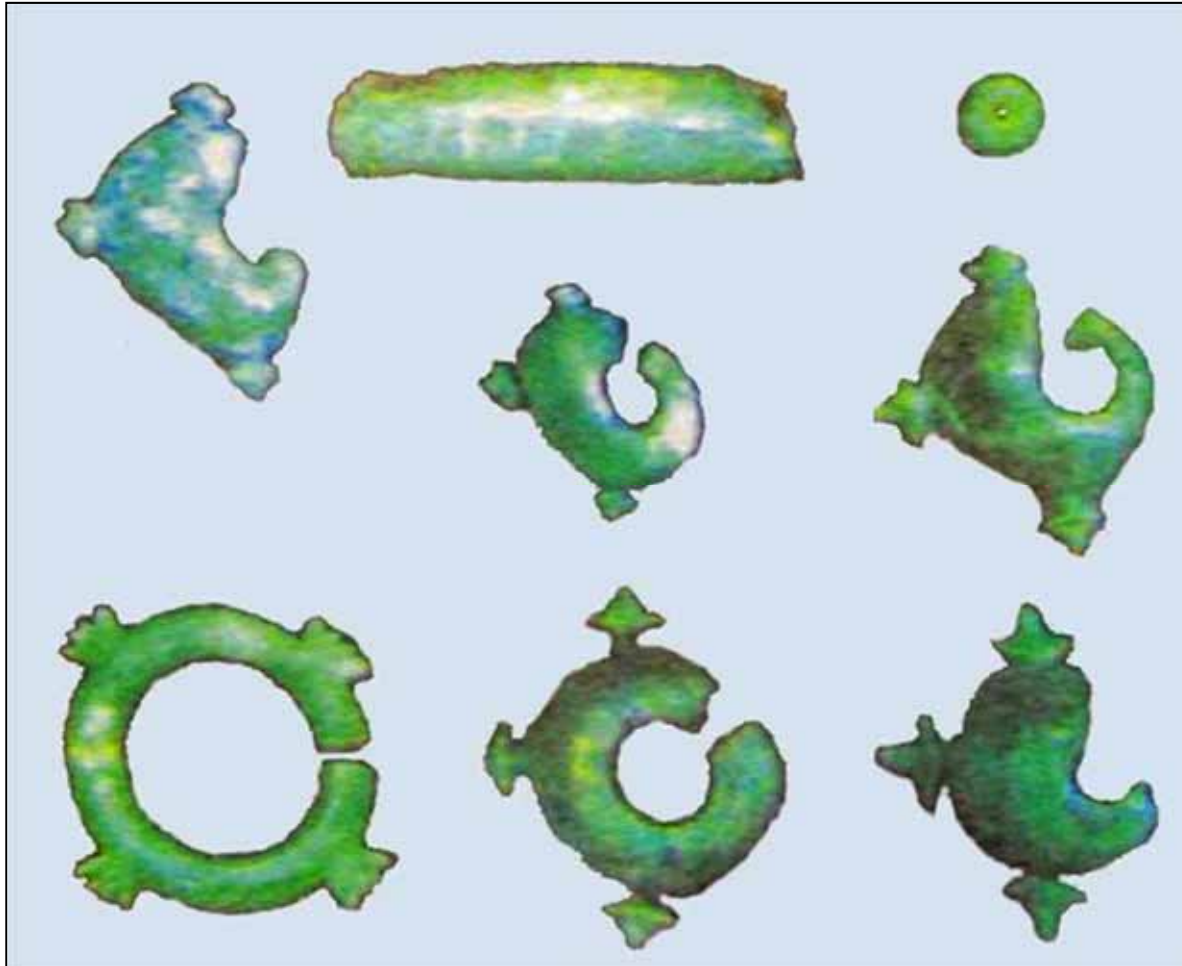
In 1896 Japanese scholar found the biggest grindstone (left) in the world at Yuanshan and built a shelter (right) for it, but later the shelter was dismantled and the grindstone lost.

The biggest grindstone was carved words and set up as a stele



Afterwards the big grindstone is found to become a stele at nearby Linji temple. The elder Master Baisheng's script 'No persistence grows mind' carved in it that loses its value. Very regrettable!

Confirmation from archaeological data of Austronesian



Bellwood shows in unearthed jade articles of Batan Island, their materials are all Fengtian Jade of Taiwan.

Fengtian Jade is widely distributed Southeast Asia proves Taiwan is homeland

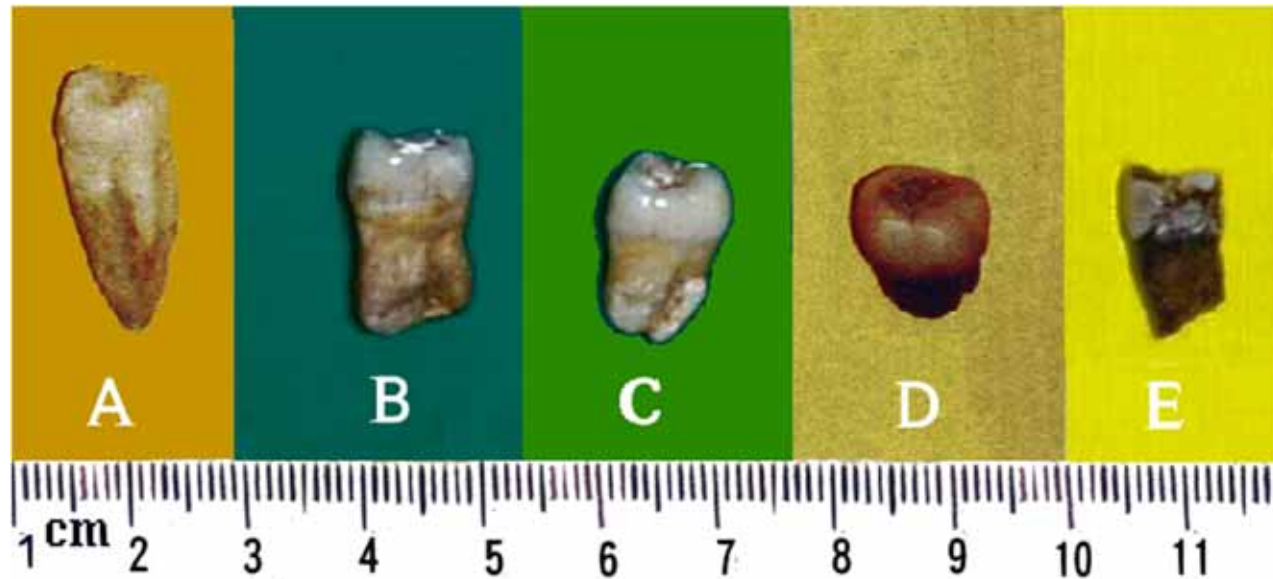


In November 2007, American National Academy of Sciences announces that the 80% jade articles of various countries in Southeast Asia come from Taiwanese Fengtian Jade. Vietnam and Philippine unearthed jade earrings (left) and Jade articles in Philippine Bardem archipelago (right) are all Fengtian Jade; Verify 'The Taiwan jade spread theory '.

Jiuxianglan Remains had the factories of copper and cast iron before 2,000 years ago

In 2003 there were the molds of bronze ware and cast iron unearthed at Jiuxianglan Remains of Taitung in Taiwan. According to it, the archaeologist inferred the Taiwanese aboriginal had the craft civilization technology that the factory produced in a large amount as early as 2,000 years ago. The mold of sandstone compositions can produce the copper bell, knife handle, and the ironware, ear ornaments, lazurite pearl, etc., and its conformation is quite accurate that shows civilization technology is excellent.

Recent discovered Dagang Shan Man



Teeth of Dagang
Shan Man: A.B.C;
Chochen Man:D;
Modern man: E

In 1999 Japanese professor Harukao Baba and Yushi Otsuka found some unearthed mankind's three teeth and some skull fossils at Dagang Shan, which called 'Dagang Shan Man'. According to their judgment tentatively, its times lay more than 'Chochen Man' of 30,000 years old

Potteries of Fiji proved Taiwanese emigrated to Polynesia



Man's face grain of unearthed Lapita pottery on Fiji is features of Fiji ancestor, after studying that they come from Lapita clansman of Taiwan.

3. Discussion from genetics

DNA analysis shows Austronesian
maybe come from Taiwan

In 1998, New Zealand biologist Geoffrey K. Chambers shows the research paper of 'human DNA analysis' that the ancestors of living in Hawaii, Polynesian of the Pacific Ocean and the Maori of New Zealand, regards Taiwan as the starting point most probably, cross the Pacific Ocean through the time in a lot of centuries, chase the island to move south to the present settlement.

Gene studies show Austronesian comes from Taiwan

- In recent years, a lot of both internal and international famous experts make mitochondria DNA analysis and research, which show that Austronesian lives in Polynesian of the Pacific Ocean, Maori of New Zealand etc., their blood relationship comes from Taiwan.
- In 2003 Austronesian international convention presentation, Geoffrey Chambers, the scholar of New Zealand, issued a paper. He pointed out that Taiwan was the homeland of the Austronesian.

Taiwanese scholar proved Austronesian came from Taiwan

Professor Marie Lin of Mackay Memorial Hospital issued the research results in 2004, shown by direct gene evidence : Polynesian in Hawaii of Oceania area came from Taiwan, and then just developed maturely in East Indonesia or Melanesia that proved Austronesian came from Taiwan.

Analysis of Helicobacter pylori verified people migrated to Pacific from Taiwan

A report on the journal "*science*" in January of 2009, Professor David Graham of Baylor College of Medicine in Houston, utilized two kinds of different Helicobacter pylori, called hpSahul and hspMaori, tracked the mankind migrates in the history. They utilized the strain of hspMaori to prove the Taiwanese aboriginal migrated to Melanesia and Polynesia about 5,000 years ago.

4. Discussion from culture

Personal manual weaving facility

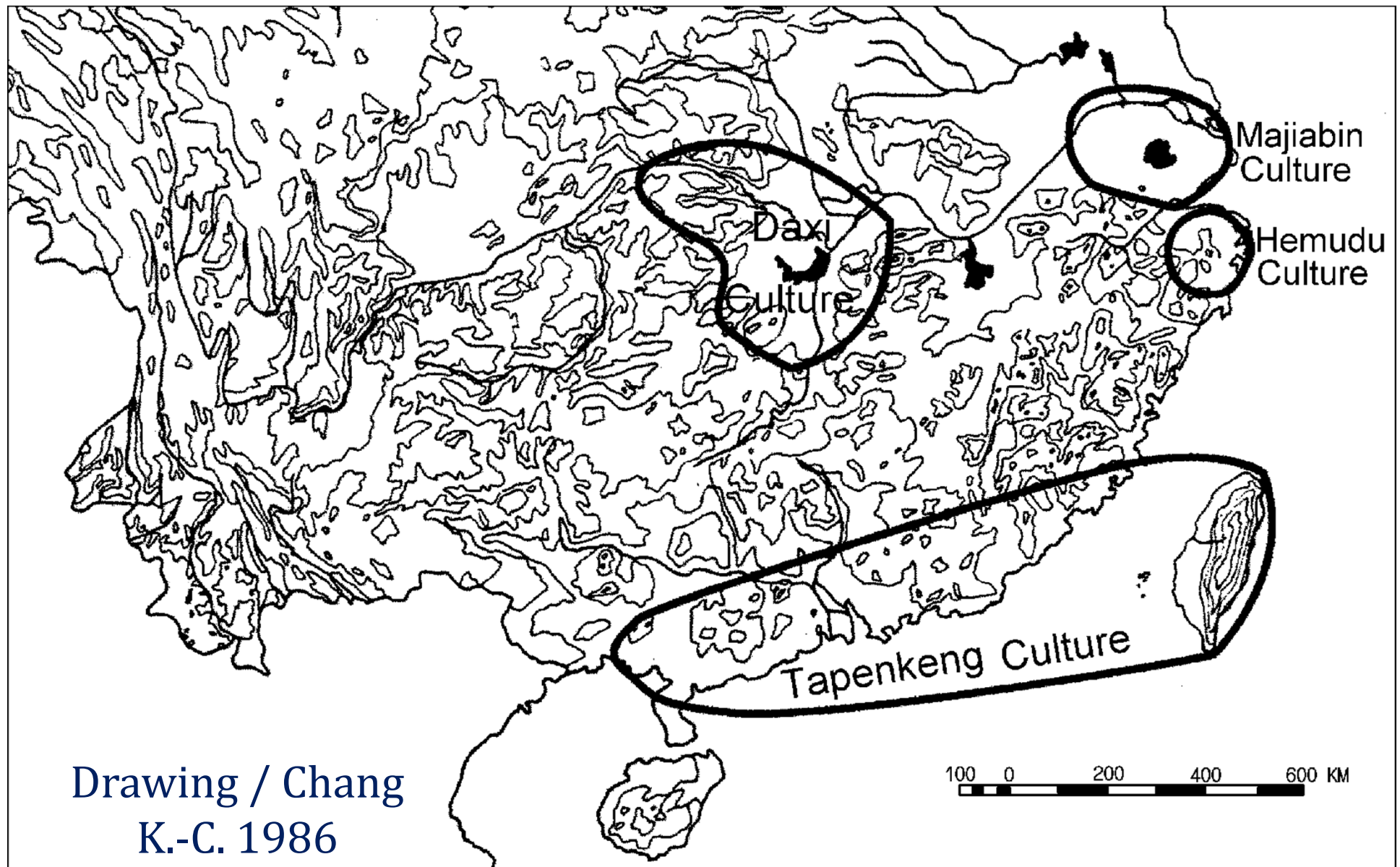


The personal manual weaving facility of the women of Ketagalan and Kavalan, the aborigine of Taiwan, spread to all the aborigines of the world. Aborigine of Caroline Islands Kusaie Island twists banana fiber into thread and weaves thread into cloth. This technical skill immigrated from Kavalan's, the aborigine of Taiwan.

Tapenkeng culture contains whole Taiwan and China

The name of Tapenkeng cultural Remains came from Tapenkeng midden at Bali of Taipei County. It is wide to distribute on Taiwan, including : the west coast, Yuan-Shan of Taipei, Ba-Jia Village of Tainan County, Fengbitou of Kaohsiung county and Yue-Mei of Hua-Lian county, even there are similar sites in the coastal all parts of Fujian and Guangdong.

Distribution of Tapenkeng culture on two banks of the Taiwan Straits



Tapenkeng culture is the ancestor's of Austronesian

- Tapenkeng culture began to the culture of native country 3400 years ago till 6300 years ago; its pottery is generally called coarse Jomon Pottery.
- In the distribution area of Austronesian, the archaeological evidence of unearthed implements at Neolithic Remains, the archaeologists use radioactivity of ^{14}C to determine its era. They find Taiwan Tapenkeng culture is the earliest one.
- The content of Tapenkeng culture generally accords with the Austronesia's, so, Tapenkeng culture may well be termed ancestor of Austronesian culture.

Theory of Taiwan homeland of Austronesian is obtained gradually definitely

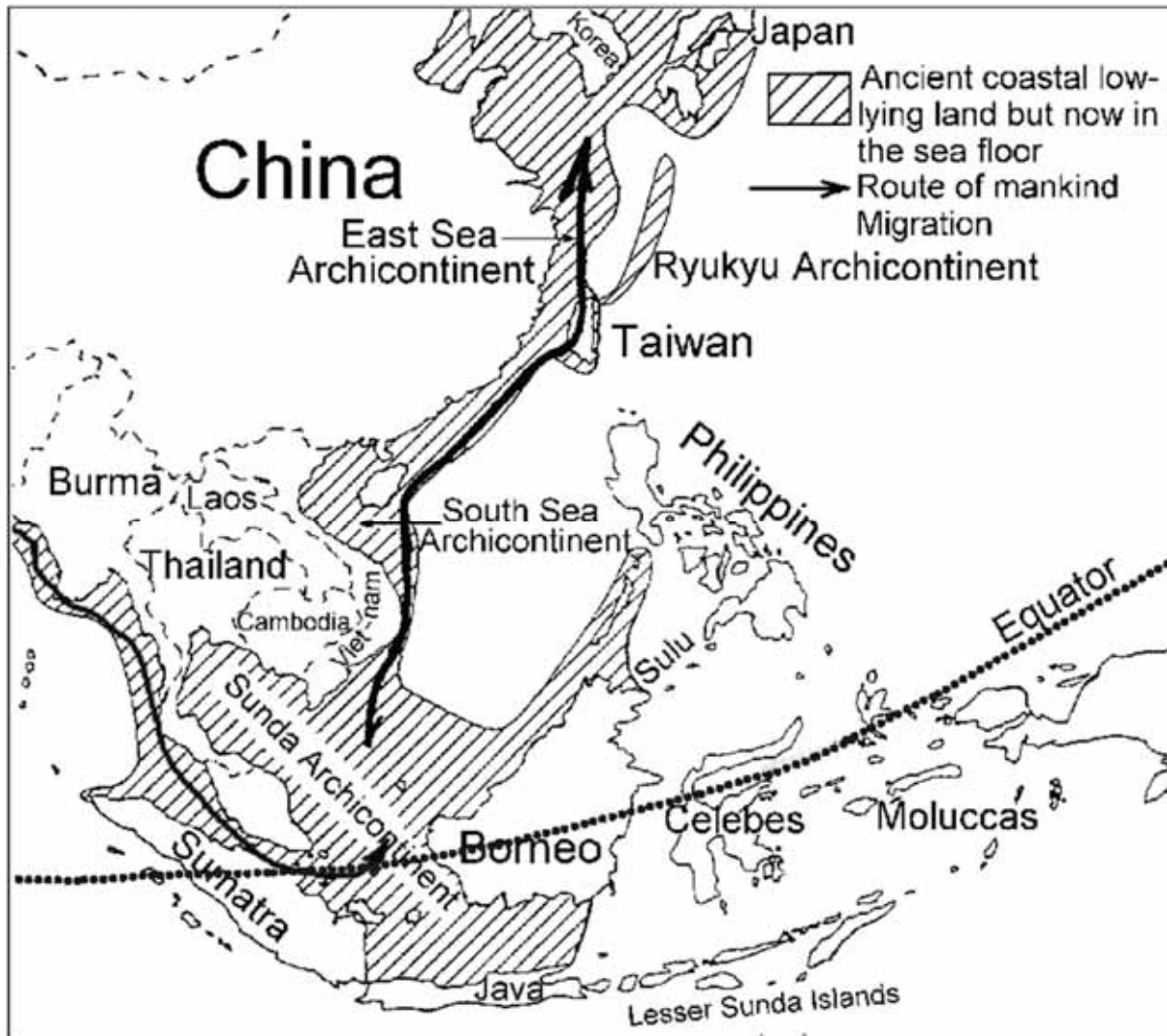
- By the scientific research of four items: linguistics, paleology, genetics and culture, most scholars have already admitted that Austronesian comes from Taiwan.
- Tapenkeng culture is ancestry culture of Austronesian; the opposition person is not enough to deny 'The theory of homeland of Taiwan'.
- From inferring that Austronesian language is the language of the Empire of the Sun now, certainly we can confirm the theory of homeland of Taiwan.

Opposing person is unable to overturn the theory of Taiwan homeland

- The statement of 'The homeland of Austronesian family is Taiwan' is agreed by most scholars, and can be confirmed; But a minority of opposing scholars object to it. Among them the most is several of Taiwan, it still needs more evidences to plead, in fact the evidence has been already more than enough!
- Some of opposing scholars thinks all the time the language of Austronesian is introduced from southern China to Taiwan, and then spread out again. If culture of Austronesian introduces from China to Taiwan, why not find any trace left in China today?

Austronesian is the descendant of the Empire of the Sun

Route of Homo sapiens' migration



The mankind
originated in Africa
and emigrated
along the present
shelf of the Indian
Ocean to
Southeast Asia
and Sunda
Archicontinent.

Austronesian originated in the land of Mu

- The Taiwanese aboriginal's ancestor moves from Sunda Archicontinent northwards along the South Sea Archicontinent of west Pacific Ocean reaches Taiwan and the north when the glacial period is warmer and warmer.
- Taiwan Proto Austronesian lacks the navigation and vessel vocabulary, other areas have not been scarce that prove Taiwan aborigines has already settled down in glacial period.
- Ancestor of Austronesian comes from Taiwan, the land of Mu; i.e. they are the descendants of the Empire of the Sun.

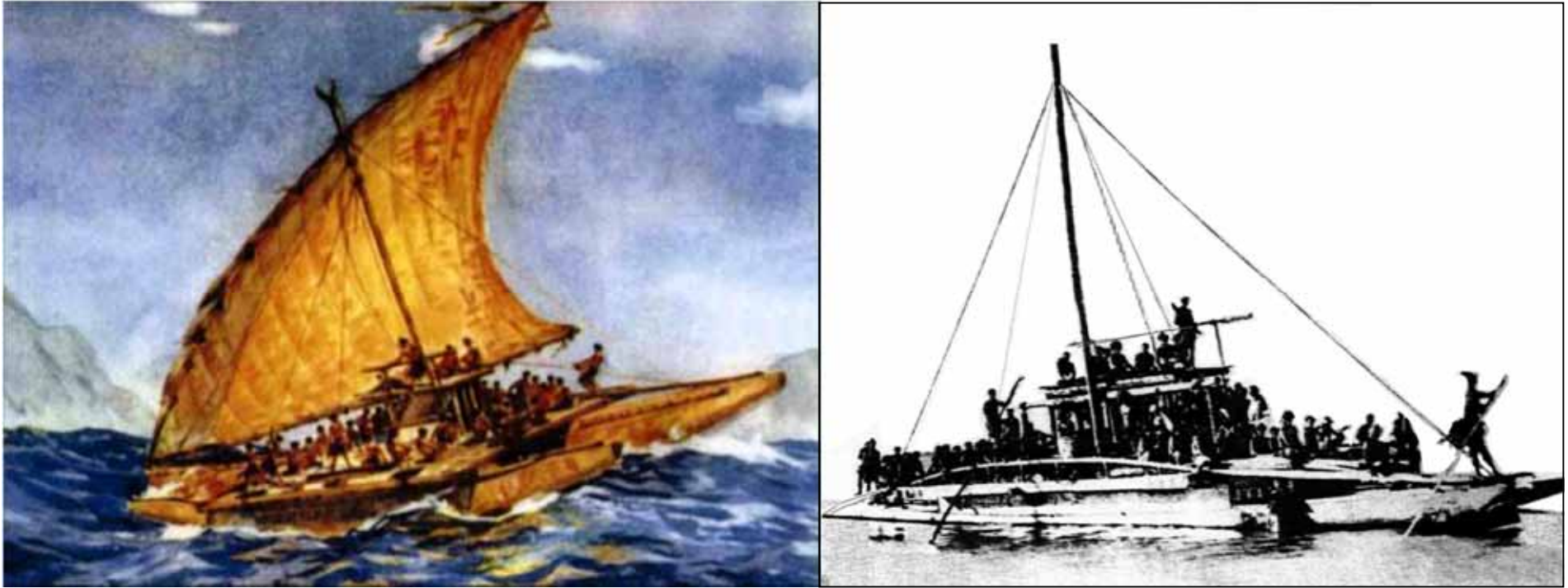
Ketagalan and Kavalan are the direct descendants of People of Mu-Land

Ilan area was the ancient site of the capital of Empire of the Sun, the aboriginal initially was Kavalan, they are certainly direct descendants of the people of Mu-Land; And Katagalan and Kavalan call themselves brother's friendship now, but also call themselves the descendants of the Sun clan, so two clans are direct descendants of the Empire of the Sun. We should infer all the Taiwanese aboriginals are descendants of Empire of the Sun. Extrapolating today Austronesian language is the language of Empire of the Sun, certainly we can confirm the theory of Taiwan is the homeland of Austronesian language family.

Polynesian who comes from Taiwan sails to the whole world in ancient times

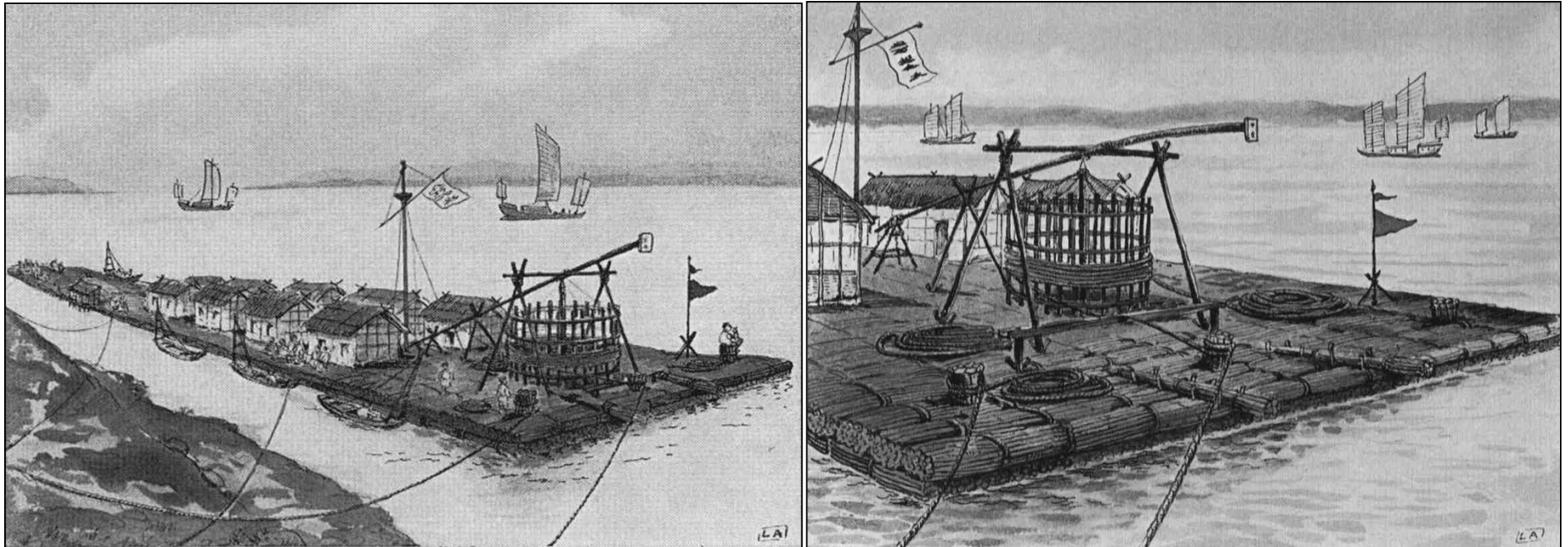
- Polynesian has excellent navigation technology, in not seeing Marginal Ocean; they are two-way sail and the earliest sail to the whole world without by coast in ancient times.
- The main scholar and expert admit Polynesian comes from Taiwan.
- Indonesian Presbyterian Church executive chairman Jan Rumbrar pointed out in the origin legend of their nationality their ancestor came from Taiwan.
- In 1995, scholar Starosta pointed out clearly even more the plain of Tainan was the emigration center of Austronesian.

'Bangka' was once battleship of Taiwanese aborigines



Twin-hulled ship that Polynesian sailed in the Pacific Ocean today should be battleship of Taiwanese aborigines.

Keilang is the vessel of migrating on the south sea island and culture spread



The conception of Yangtze River raft (above) maybe derives from the ancient village type vessel of Taiwanese aborigine —“Keilang”.

Austronesian emigrate from Taiwan because the natural disaster

After Mega-tsunami takes place, the civilization of Taiwan is almost totally destroyed, and then glacial period close, there are still extensive earthquake and tsunami continuously that make Taiwanese aborigines living in popular feelings of panic, in order to seek safe place for refuge. Since 6000 years ago, some aborigines have brought the family from Taiwan emigrant to warm south islands, and form the territory of 'Austronesian'.

The map of Austronesian



The circle of Mu's civilization was
within the Austronesian domain

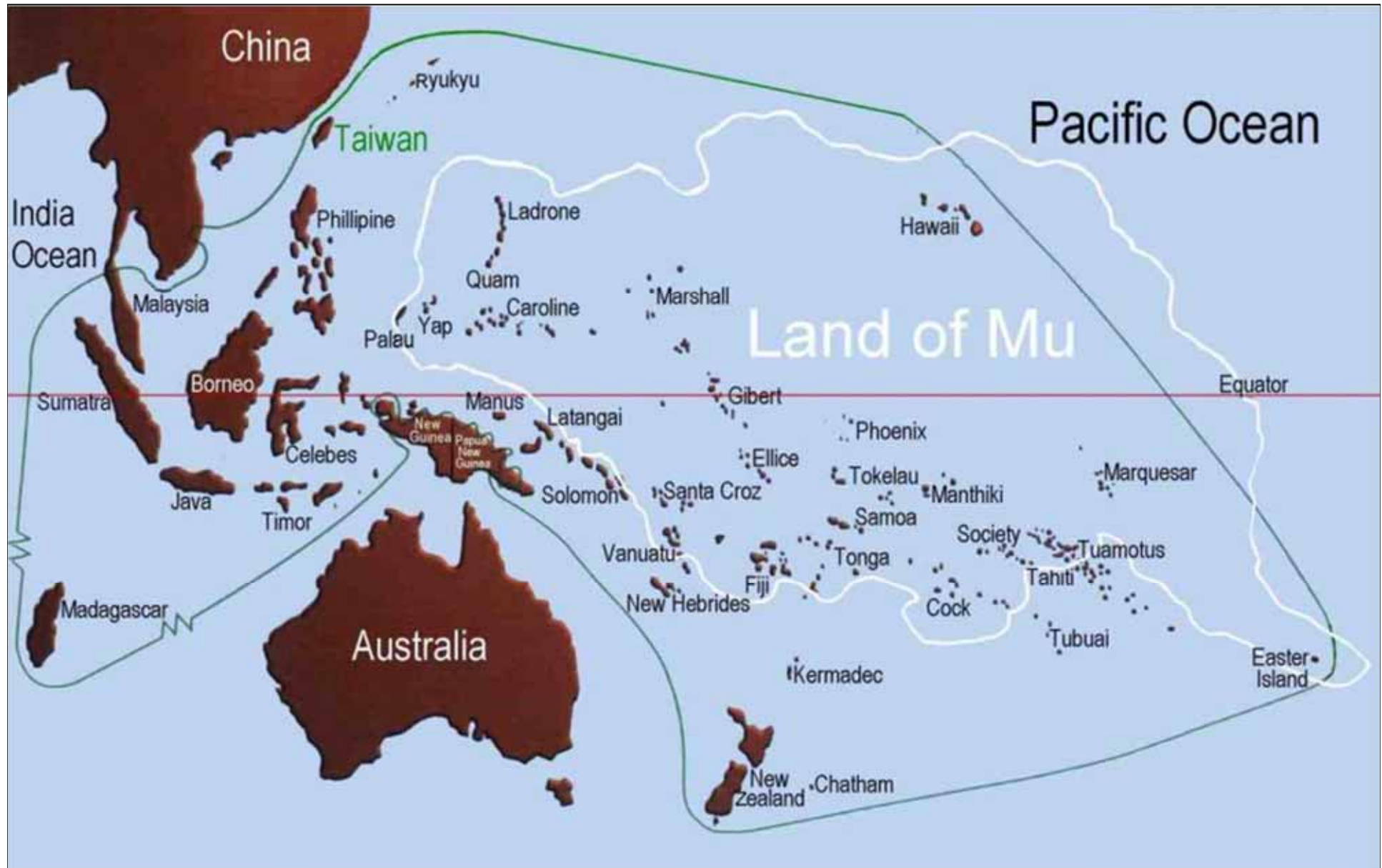
The Empire of the Sun was the
motherland of Austronesian

Although the land of Mu was really not in here, but the locations of megalithic civilization belonged to the Empire of the Sun, and were all within the Austronesian domain in the Pacific Ocean. Therefore, it was said that the creator of civilization, the Empire of the Sun, was the motherland of Austronesian.

The relics map of megalithic civilization in the Islands of Pacific Ocean



The megalithic civilization of Mu was
all within the Austronesian domain



Austronesian is the descendant of the Empire of the Sun

Though the land of Mu is not in the middle of the Pacific Ocean in fact, but the Empire of the Sun megalithic civilization in the Pacific Ocean is enclosed and included in Austronesian domain, so the civilized founder in the world —The Empire of the Sun, is the motherland of Austronesian. The Empire of the Sun is certainly in ancient Taiwan, Austronesian is the descendant of the Empire of the Sun; the homeland of Austronesian is certainly ancient Taiwan.

The American aboriginal's homeland may be Taiwan

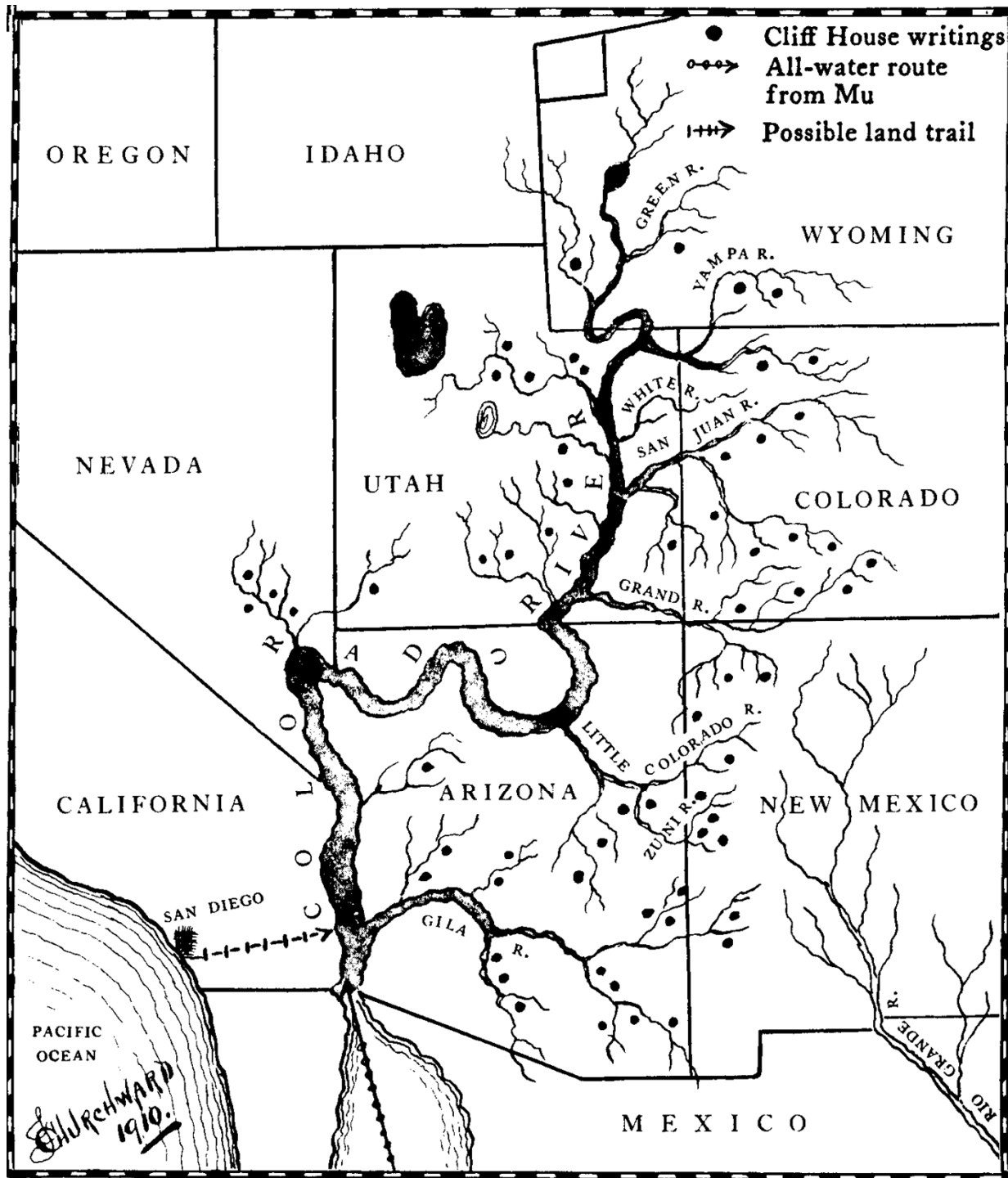
- It is said that the American aboriginals originally moved in from Siberia by Bering, but modern archaeology finds the evidence that they come from the Pacific Ocean Island that verify American aboriginal have settled down by seaway too.
- Blood analysis proves the North American aboriginal may be with Taiwanese aboriginal's homology.
- According to studying the science the scholar infers : The aboriginals initially in America may be the people in Pacific Ocean Island, they move from Taiwan that are the descendants of the Empire of the Sun.

Ancient remains of Cliff Dwellers in Colorado River area

Initially in America, the aboriginal Cliff Dwellers should be Polynesian, who entered the American door from the mouth of Colorado River, they expanded to the upper reaches and inland along this river first, and then reached a lot of footpaths and inland of its tributaries, including every state in the whole area full of Cliff Dwellers countless ancestors' traces. These remains consist of cliff houses, rock carvings, rock paintings, rock writings and various utensils and instruments.

The Map of the Colorado River and its tributaries

The Cliff Dwellers enter the gateway through the mouth of Colorado River into the Unit States, and possibly their predecessors as well.



The megalithic giant reveals the American aboriginal is from Asia



A lot of oldest megalithic giants of Olmecs stone carving of America in Mexico. This one has thin eyes, wide nose, big mouth, and the stone image of Olmec helmet is worn on the head. Some archaeologists think the huge stone image merges the style and features of the black person and the Mongolian race that it belongs to a Asian nationality most probably, and it most likely comes from Polynesian.

The ancient relics of the Empire of the Sun in the world

The are common points of civilization in
every place of the world

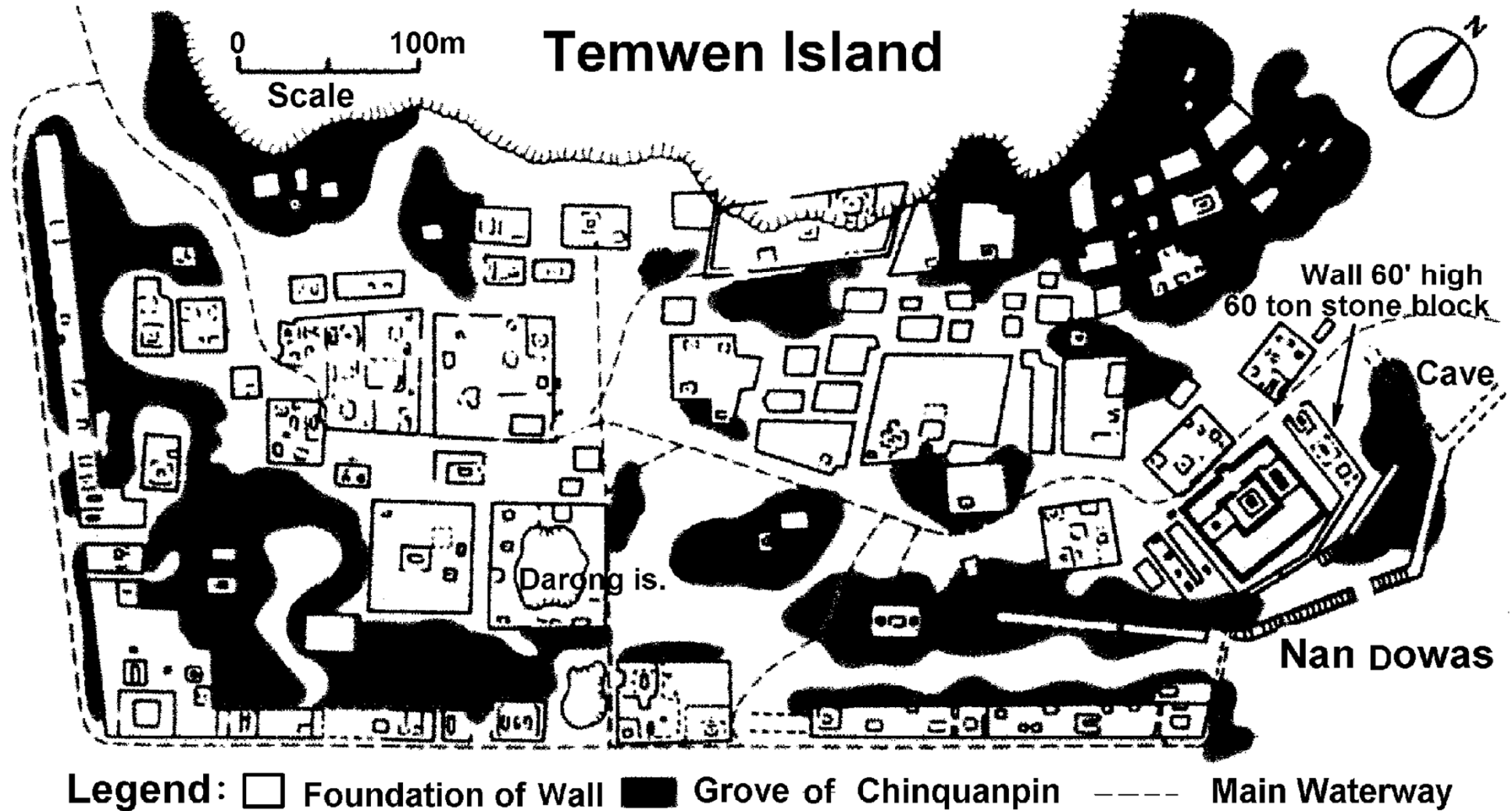
Every continent and island in the world, especially with the residents on the island in the area of general Pacific, very remote apart, but mostly there are common points in the generation to generation on of the custom, culture and language. These common points may have source of the same ancient civilization that is from the Empire of the Sun. The common points are :

1. Megalithic structures in Pacific Ocean Rim
2. The similar megalithic carving
3. Terraced pyramids all over the world
4. The similar ancient writings are over the half world
5. The similar unearthed ancient potteries
over the Pacific Ocean Rim
6. The colonies worshiped the god of the Sun

1.Megalithic structures in Pacific Ocean Rim

Cataclysmic flood caused the motherland of man, the Empire of the Sun, disappeared in 12,000 years ago, and brought disaster to the coastal places and scattered islands in the Pacific Ocean. Now some relics of megalithic civilizations still remain here, where all most the aborigines don't know it come from and the use. Even the scientists cannot explain it and only regard it as the civilizations of Mu. Obvious it is the relics of the Empire of the Sun that have destroyed after the cataclysmic flood.

The plan of Nan Madol, Ponape



The megalithic wall of city relic at Nan Madol outside Ponape Island



The enormous relics of Nan Madol is an artificial island, there is an intact city under water; The street, stone pillar, stone room, all with group's frame of the basalt column, estimates all about 500,000 pieces, each stone pillar weighs more than 10 tons, another enclosure 875 meters long, the highest point can be up to 14 meters.

The relics of unknown usage of megalithic civilization



The Latte stones of Tinian on Saipan Island (left).
The black megalith on Palau of Babeldaub Island (right).



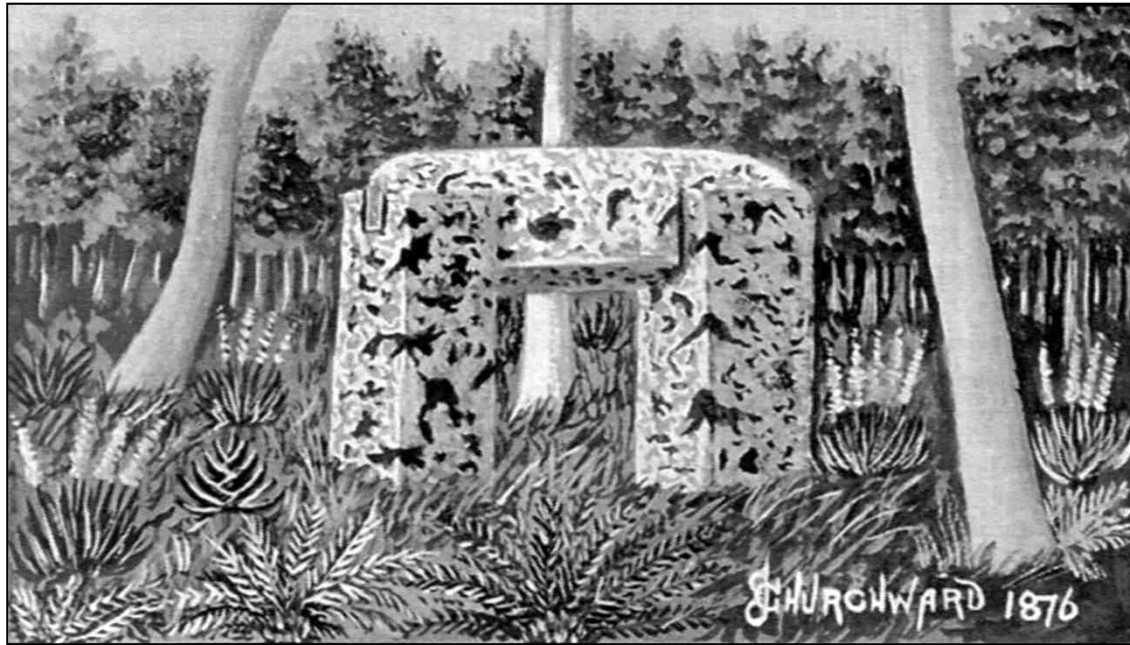
Megalithic array on Hinapsan Island



Latte pillars on Saipan Is.



The Latte pillars of house of taga (left & right) on Tinian Is.



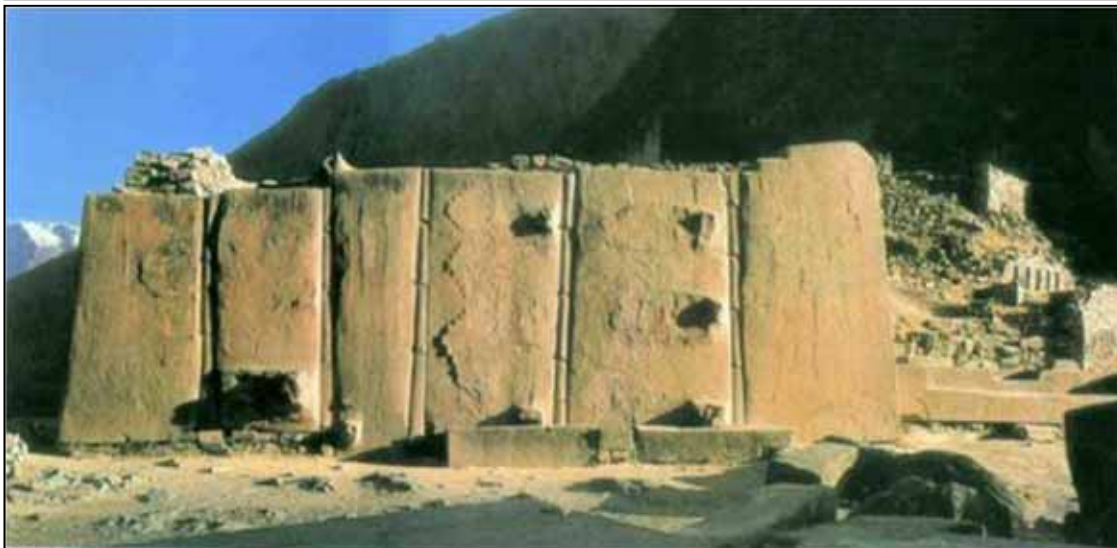
The front figure (up) and rear picture (down) of Arch of Maui on Tonga-Tabu Island



The type of building megalithic wall in some parts of the world is the same



The masonry work of stone wall of Ahu on Easter Island (up) and the megalithic wall of Inca at Cusco (down) are similar.



The megaliths of Tonga-Tabu (up) tightly combine with each other that are very similar to the 6 megaliths (down) of the god of the Sun temple at Ollantaytambo in Peru.

2. The similar megalithic carving



The megalithic giant “Moai” on Easter Island



Some statues are remote apart, but there are common points that both hands have the belly in arms. These statues indicate they have communicated with each other.

Megalithic image at a temple on the island of Raivavae, Tubuai Islands (left). Wooden carving of Gichi God at Nuku Hiva, Marquesas Islands (right).



Stone carving image on Jeju, Korea (left). Stone carving image of monkey at Nara, Japan (middle). Relief image of monolith at Tiahuanaco, Bolivia (right).

3. Terraced pyramids are all over the world



Earliest Pyramid, Zoser king of Egypt



Sun pyramid, Teotihuacan, Mexico



Pyramid of great temple, Aztecs



Pyramid of Kukulcan, Chichen Itza, Mexico



Magician pyramid, Uxmal, Mexico



Pyramid of inscription temple, Palenque



No.1 pyramid , Tikal, Guatemala



Pyramid at El Tajin, Mexico



Terraced pyramid of temple at Tahiti (left). Terraced pyramid of King's mausoleum at Tuitonga (right).



Kumaya pyramid, Okayama, Japan



Pyramid in Cambodia

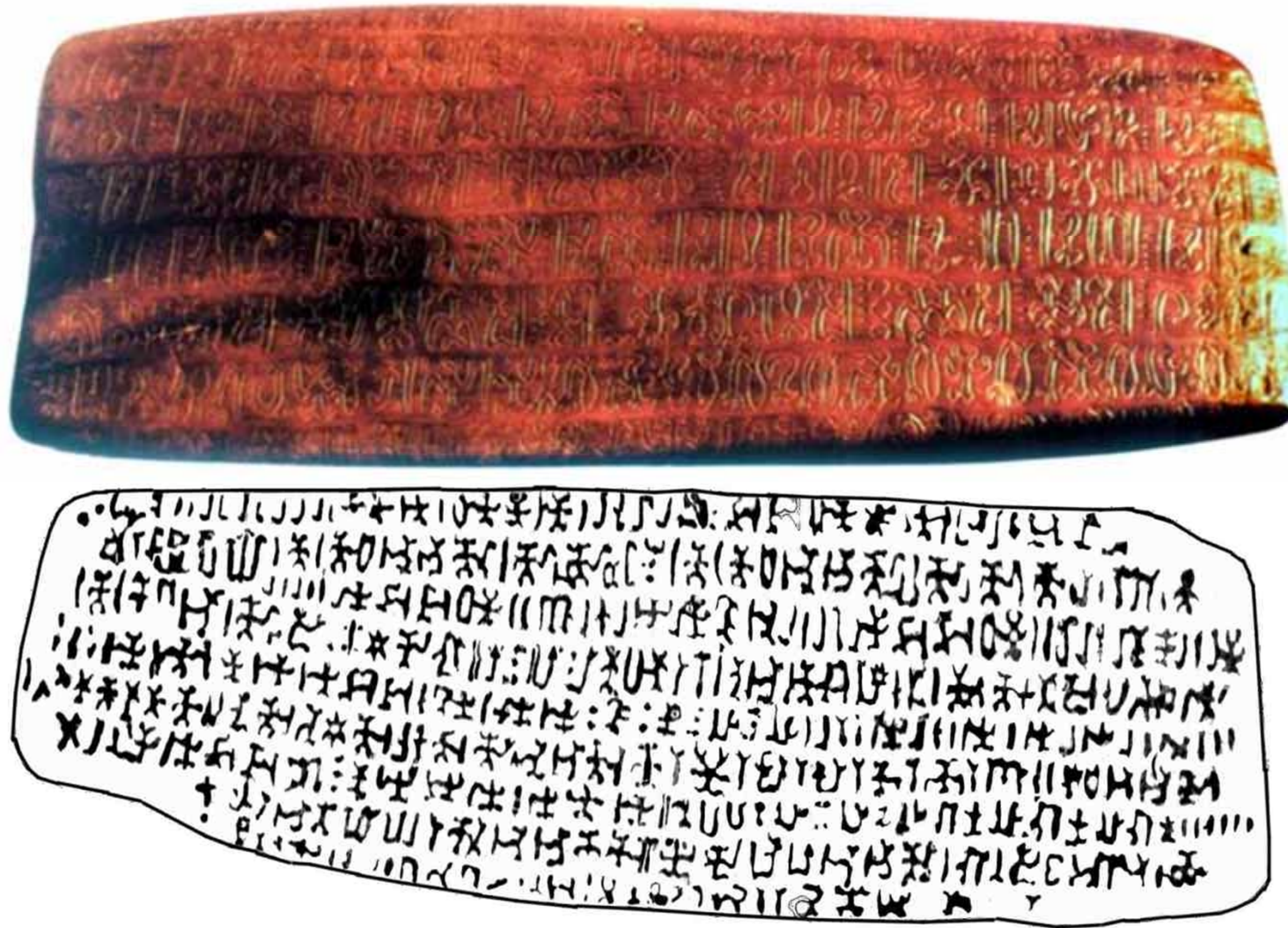


Pyramid of Java, Indonesia



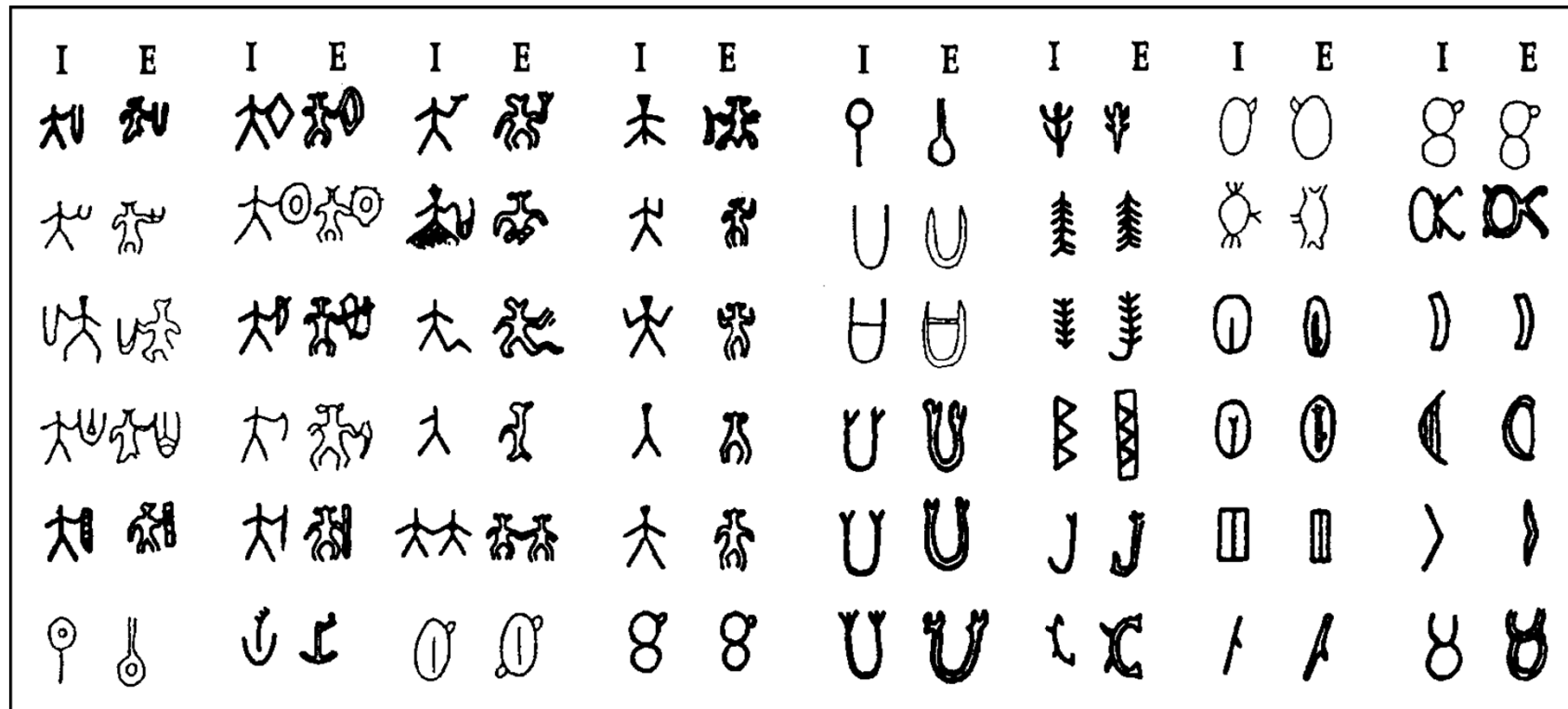
Pyramid on Bali Is., Indonesia

4. The similar ancient writings are over the half world



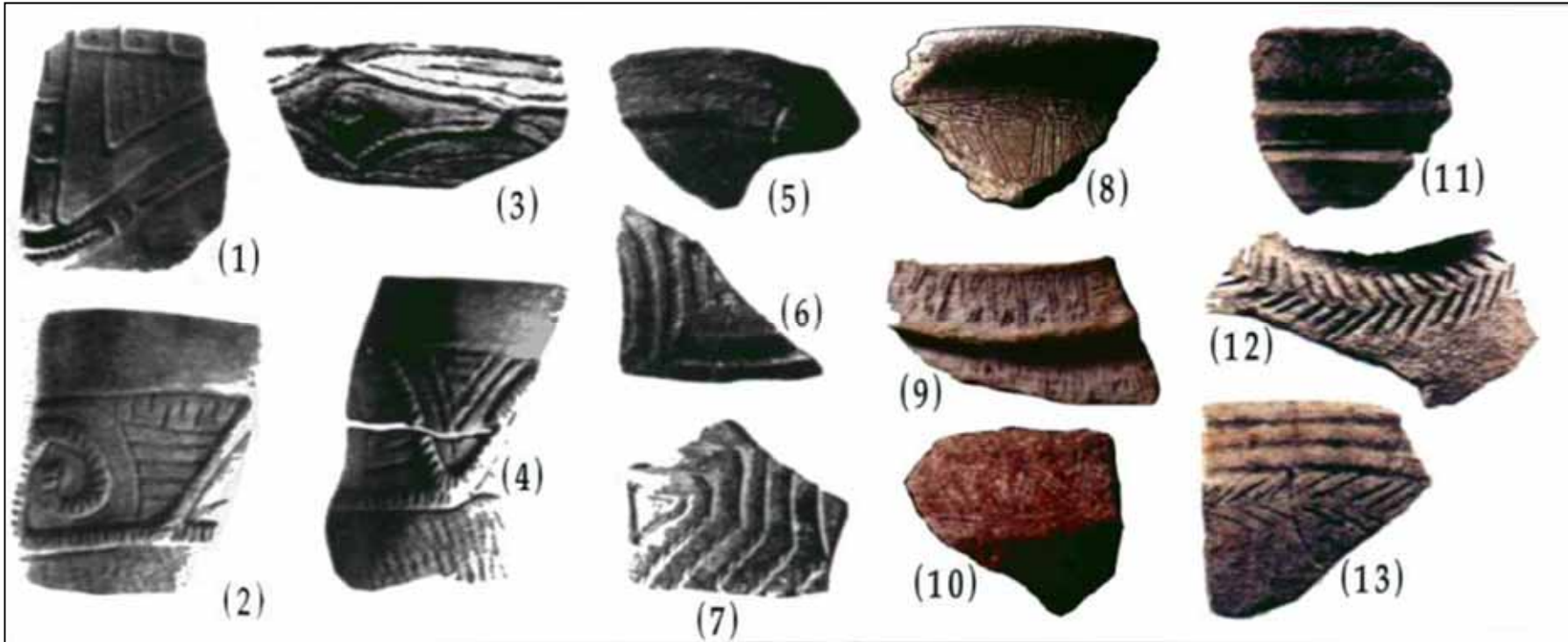
The writings of Lungo Lungo on Easter Island

The similar ancient writings between Lungo Lungo and India



Lungo Lungo (E) and Indian ancient writings (I) are the same type, and E approaches to original pictograph, which should be the letter of the alphabet of Mu.

5. The similar unearthed ancient potteries over the Pacific Ocean Rim



Jomon potteries of Japan (1~4); Jomon potteries of Ecuador (5~7); Jomon potteries of Taiwan: Tapenkeng cultural relics of Niumatao (8); Tapenkeng cultural relics of Zhishanyan (9~10); Yingpu cultural relics of Shuidiliao (11~13), all its textures are very exactly like.

6. The colonies of the Empire of the Sun worshiped the god of the Sun

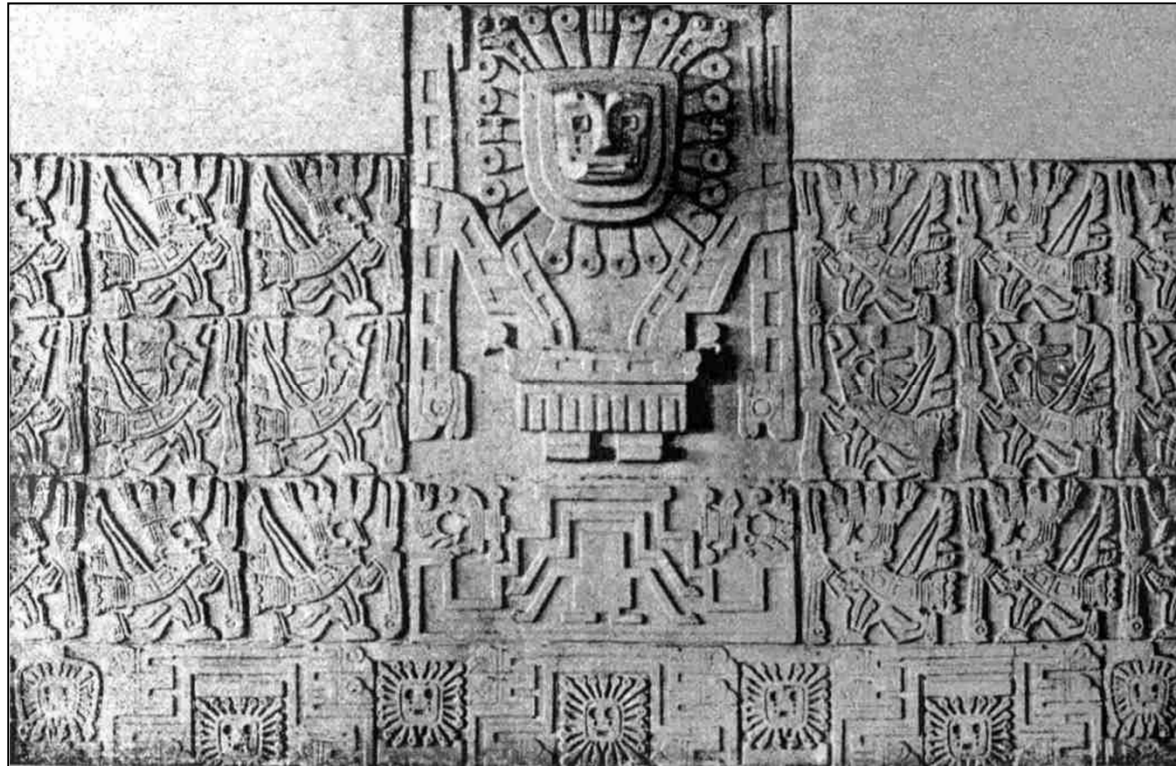
The word “Inca” means “the son of the Sun” in the aborigines of Inca. The god of the Sun of Egypt — Ra, is the same name of the Emperor of Mu and Pharaoh is regarded as “the son of god of the Sun. The word “Apollo” comes from the myth of ancient Greek and Roman. The Amaterasu, the main goddess of Shinto in Japan, is also an Apollo. Apollo is the god of the Sun.

The Sun Door is a relic of the Sun worship



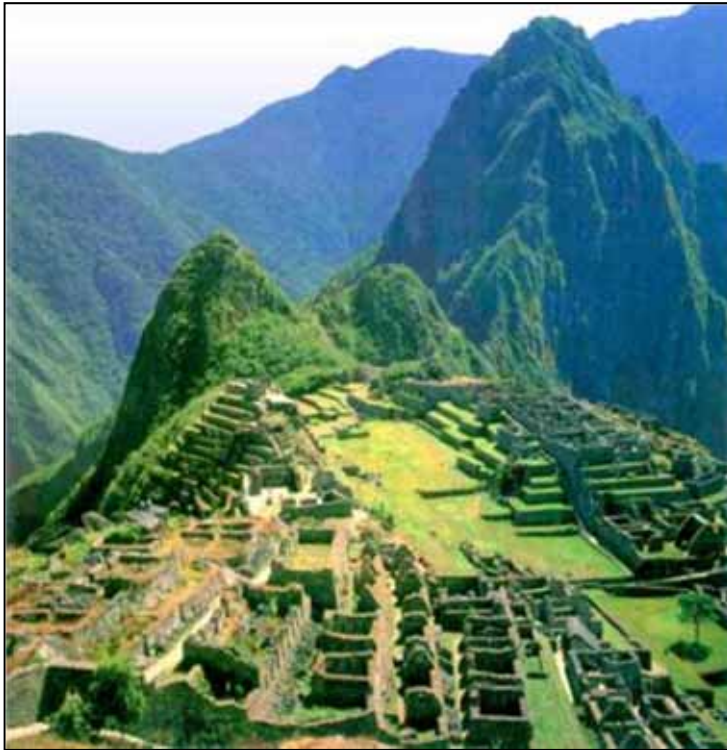
Gateway of the Sun at Tiahuanaco, Bolivia

The pattern of sculpture is enlarged
in the middle of the Sun Door



The big central relief god of the Sun drops the tears and the dried contract skull that shows the kingdom of the Sun has already died, and the construction of the Sun Door maybe each colonies and Incans grieve the disappearance of the Empire of the Sun.

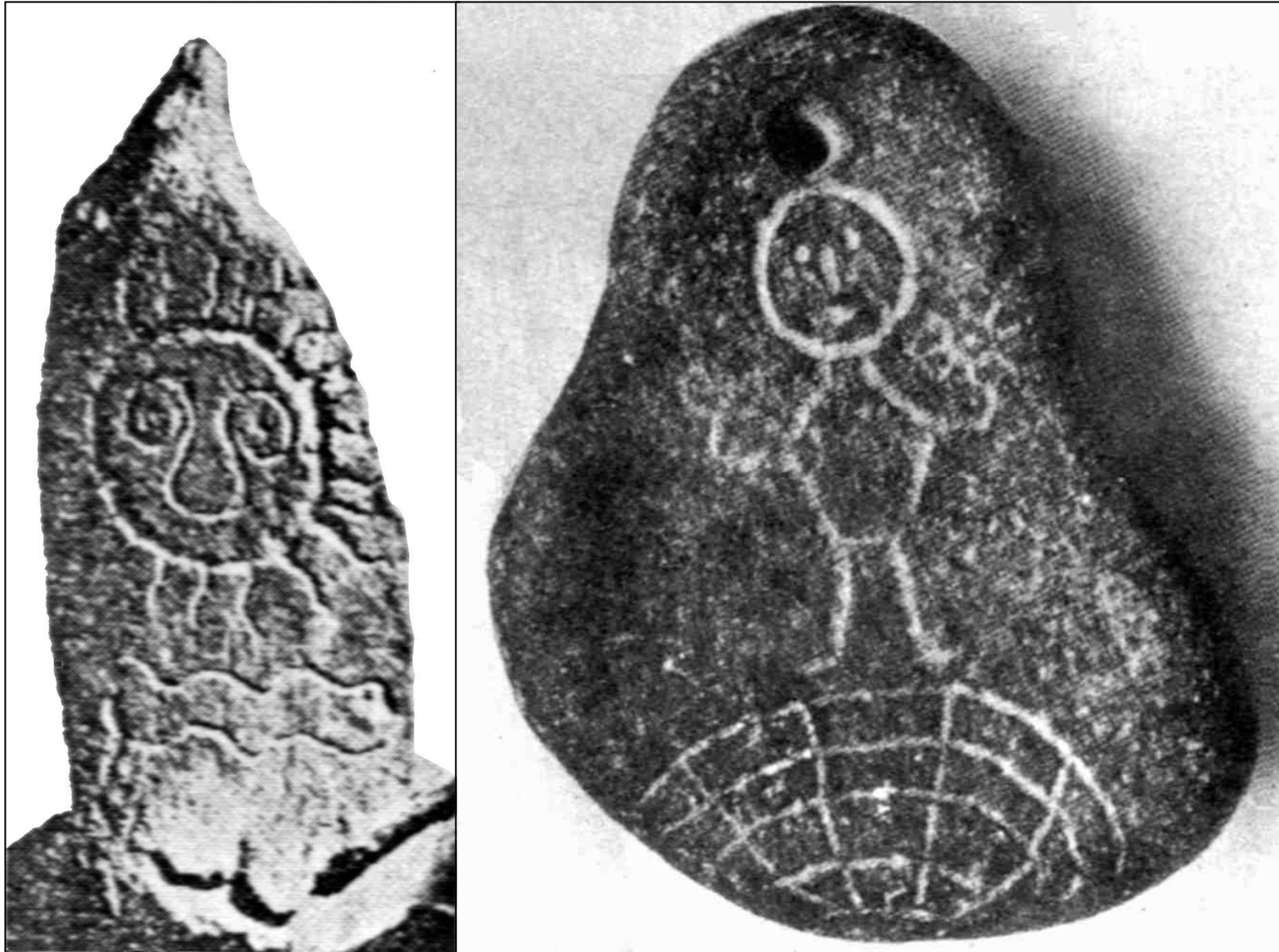
The temple of the Sun of Inca remains at Machu Picchu



Inca remains at Machu Picchu (left), there are the temple of the Sun and the horse post of the god of the Sun (right). Those are the relics of the Sun worship.



The Totem of the Sun in America



Taiwan was once the Center of Domination among federal nations in the world before Zheng-He

Zheng-He's fleet sailed to the Occident 7 times

The Emperor of Ming Dynasty sent Zheng-He as an envoy to the Occident in 1405. Zheng-He sailed to the Occident seven times, reached the east coast of Africa farthest. Zheng-He reached Southeast Asia, South Asia, Iran, Arab, Africa east bank and Red Sea amount to more than thirty countries and regions along the bank within 28 years.

Recent interpretation of Zheng-He fleet's deed

In 2002, Britain retired officer Gavin Menzies published a new book “*1421 years: China finds the world*”, declared Zheng-He already found the New World in the 15th century middle period, and surrounded the whole world. The scholars of Taiwan and China retort the absurd theory of Zheng-He surrounded the whole world.

Descendants of the Empire of the Sun already set up global trade network

- The Chinese cultural relics from all parts of the world that Menzies obtains is with good grounds, can mostly confirm, and these historical relic information of China, is not only left by Zheng-He fleets.
- In professor Juxian Wei's "*Chinese find America*" points out 16 implements of America have the amount of China ancient word over 70, peculiar ancient pattern 3, and pot, caldron, oblation, granary...that all already have had before Zheng-He.
- Have already been set up global trade network by the descendants of the Empire of the Sun before Zheng-He, the Chinese cultural relics in China is transported out by them and spread to all parts of the world.

Aborigines once called Taiwan was the operation center of federal states

- The term 'Galan' of Ketagalan word is for 'union' or 'federal' in modern languages. Wa Lung is also 'Galan' in Latin word, and 'Keelung' or 'Chilung' in Mandarin Chinese, in order to show the places of some parts of the world, which are confederate state. There are more than 20 places, including China, Taiwan, Southeast Asia, Oceania and America, are called 'Galan' in different mother tongue that has associated with each other.
- 'Taiwan' in the mother tongue of Ketagalan tribe calls 'Tahuiyuan', which means 'center of domination' or 'operation center'. Aborigines of Ketagalan tribe call themselves 'Taiwan' as 'the operation center' of every federal state in the world.

Taiwanese aboriginal signs ' Wa Lung Treaty Documents ' with Holland

713
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 onder de handtekening van de Nederlandse
 Gouverneur van Taiwan en de Chinese
 Gouverneur van Taiwan is gesloten.
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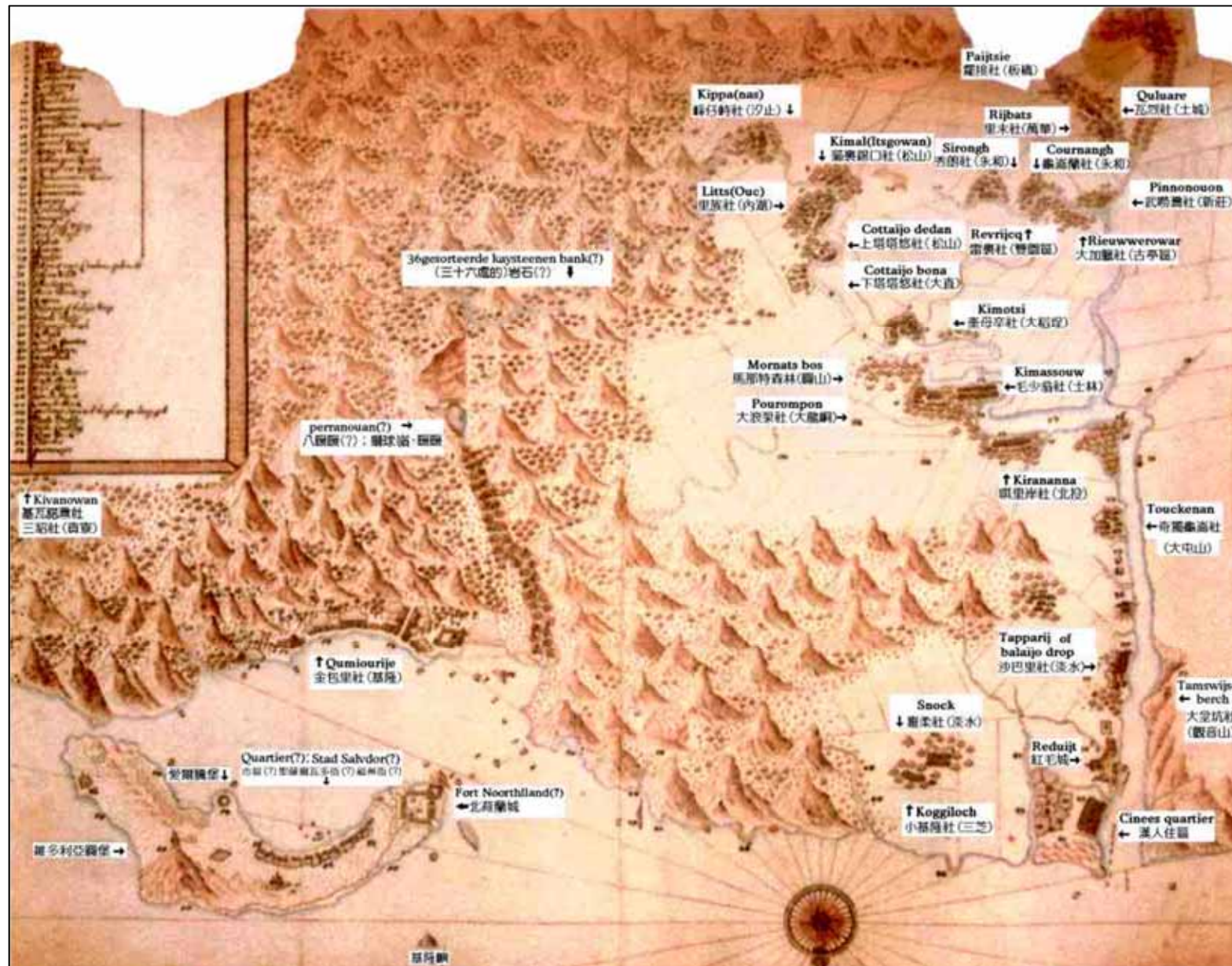
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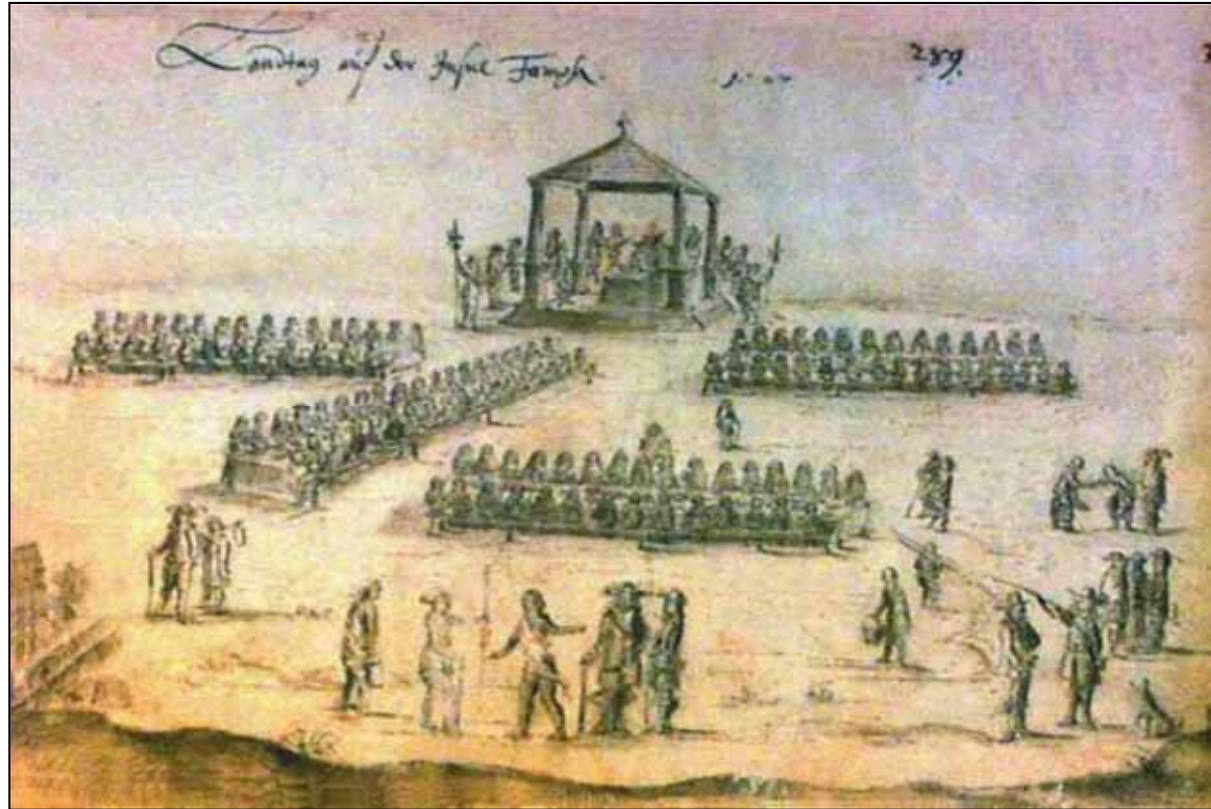
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Distribution map of Ketagalan tribes got Union with Holland



The feast of Lands Day



Wa Lung Treaty Documents was a diplomatic document, which was signed by Taiwan indigenous tribe meeting representatives and representatives of Holland in 16th Century. The feast of Lands Day was in accordance with it.

Taiwan was the operation center of federals in the Empire of the Sun

In 650 years ago, before Zheng-He sailed to the Occident, Taiwan was once that climate was warm, the land was fertile, the produce was abundant, industrial development, and the people knew the country where the gift abides by the law in the past, can build up with the businessmen of mutual trust near various countries, and sign federal peace treaty, so call itself for the operation center of federals. If Taiwan was in ancient position of 'the Empire of the Sun', in ancient times, Taiwan certainly had status of 'operation center of federals' in the world.

Ancient book proved Taiwan was operation center of Federal state

In 1349 Yuan dynasty, Da-Yuan Wang's "*Slight description of island people*" described: 'The terrain of Ryukyu (i.e. Taiwan) is coiled vault.... In there yielded gold dust, soybean.... The goods of trade use the stone pearl, agate.... "All external countries were about start from here".' That explained before Yuan Dynasty, there is trade contacts in China and all parts of the world, and regarded Taiwan as the first leading trade country. It is evidence that Taiwan is the operation center of every federal state in the world.

Ancient Taiwan trade network unties the absurd theory of Zhen-He surround the whole world

Ancient China traded with Taiwan in the most prosperity. Some Chinese historical relics should via Taiwanese aboriginal, the ancestor of Polynesian that is to say the modern scientist approves, transported to the every federals place of the world through the global trade network, it is not the historical relic that Zheng-He left around the whole world, so as to explain and feel suddenly enlightened, unties the Zheng-He's mystery of surrounding the global Earth.

Conclusion: The motherland of the human civilization was exactly ancient Taiwan

- The lost unknown civilization in ancient times was from the Empire of the Sun that was developed in ancient Taiwan.
- The lost civilized continents in ancient times, the continent of Mu or Atlantis were the same one of Taiwan.
- The motherland of man and the Empire of the Sun was the same one exactly in ancient Taiwan.
- The homeland of Austronesian language families was only Taiwan.

Hurry up to investigate the treasures of the Empire of the Sun in Taiwan

From describing above, we come to a conclusion that the Empire of the Sun, the Creator of the civilization, was in ancient Taiwan. About 12,000 years ago it was destroyed by the mega-tsunami, which came from the northeastern Taiwan, and only remained few unknown remains of ancient civilizations. If we don't examine and decipher those valuable treasures, it will lose forever under high-speed development in present age.

Thank you !